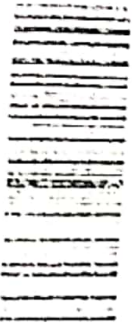


PART-I

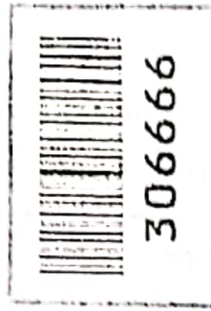
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GS-IV



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PART-II



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Paper Code
GS-IV

Date - 04/07/2021

रोल नंबर अंकों में लिखें -
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0)

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रोल नंबर शब्दों में लिखें - Varun Saraswat

उम्मीदवार द्वारा मायधानीपूर्वक भरा जाये

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परीक्षा का माध्यम :- हिन्दी ☐ अंग्रेजी ☒

निम्न भाग वीक्षक द्वारा ही भरा जाये।

उम्मीदवार के अनुक्रमिक एवं पहचान पत्र को प्रत्येक वर्ष में मिलित
पदवी ही वीक्षक बॉक्स में हस्ताक्षर करे

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यदि उम्मीदवार उम्मीदवार के मायधानीपूर्वक भरा जाये।
यदि उम्मीदवार उम्मीदवार के मायधानीपूर्वक भरा जाये।

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(वेबसाइट पर हस्ताक्षर एवं रोल नंबर भरने में)
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SECTION - A

Write '30'

For each of the following questions, write the correct answer in the space provided. Write your answers in the space provided.

1. The following are the names of the three golden paths according to Buddha? Point out.

Ans: Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

What are the three golden paths according to Buddha? Point out.

Ans: Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

Ans: Kamma is the law of cause and effect. Sikkha is the path of training. Upekkha is the state of equanimity.

Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

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Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

Explain, Kamma, Sikkha, and Upekkha.

3

21

Q. 1. Define the following terms and give their significance.

Three functions are -

- 1) Establishment of U.C. to provide finance and guide
- 2) Establishment of TTS
- 3) Open to all section of society for education

Meaning of Satnam is 'True name'

Guru Nanak Dev promoted this in Sikhism to guide people on right path and to attain salvation.

Empathy means having same feeling about other's pain as we are facing ourselves that problem or difficulty. Example - Empathy about refugees or homeless people.

Conservatism means no encouragement to any changes and love to have the society, politics or laws as they are existing. This concept brings monotony and hinders innovation.

Emotional Management means managing our emotions and understanding other's emotions and utilize these emotions to get desired outcomes. Examples - Helping the people as mentioned by Sec. George D.

SECTION - A

Q. 31

1. Define ethical dilemma. Give an example of ethical dilemma. (2 marks)

2. Ethical Concern means a situation which presents ethical dilemma and we have to choose an option by considering all ethical aspects. Example - Theft or stealing by a starving child.

3. Basic values of good governance are -
 Accountability, Integrity, Honesty, Transparency, Accountability, Punctuality, Efficiency, Humane, Non-partisanship, etc.

4. Corruption means yielding some illegal advantages due to holding of some powerful position in administration or business. Ex - Teacher taking bribe in business or taking bribe to give tender.

5. Fairness means being just to any event or dispute to all stakeholders involved without having any prejudice or influence. Example - Government jobs recruitment on basis of merit and rules.

6. Importance of Integrity is very high because it is the measure of coherence in what a person says and does. Integrity means wholeness in a person's character and conduct.

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

1. Explain the meaning and characteristics of altitude.

Altitude is considered as a good level reference as well as a kind of reference level by the people and the people. The level height on level or equally of all houses the level height can be changed as a

1) Altitude: Height above sea level

There are always certain levels and features which are known on maps and of no utility. Ex. Total weight

2) Topical: Under water level

In the natural world there are many high and low levels which are known and known. The level is

3) Topical: Under water level

There are a wide range of levels from the level of the sea to the level of the sea

$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{1}{2} m \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{y}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \dot{z}^2 \right)$

Sound of wheels in the language of silence

and need collect of more humanly test
- of need as higher value of method.

c) Against Maya or Illusion -
Let's reconsider Maya is causality
Fluctuate or vibrate at a hindrance in gelling
Salvation.

In this way, we see that Kahn was a man of heart and ahead of his time in his social thoughts.

प्रश्न ८००
Tuls:-

Tuls:- is one of the greatest poet and Saint of Ram branch of Shakti Movement. He authored Ramcharit Manas in Awadhi language which is a guiding light of Indian population and perhaps the most read epic in the history of mankind.

Some some aspects of Tuls's

holistic are discussed here -

1) Vision of Humanity -

He emphasized on the welfare of whole mankind without any discrimination of caste and creed. En - Ram. humble Supri and poor dwellers many times.

2) Co-ordinating Visions -

Tuls did not differentiate between various style of incarnations of god. Sopan or Nizam Shakti. He deval the essence of the section of divinity. En - "Aravali" Sopani Neki Kachhi Alada.

SECTION - B

वर्ग: 'B'

3) Importance to Bhakti →

Although Tulsī did not criticize other means of worshipping of God but he was in favour of Bhakti style because it is easy and connect the person directly to God.

4) Highlighted the horrors of poverty —

Tulsī himself faced poverty very badly, so he emphasized the pain of poverty and unemployment in his writings.

5) Quality of King —

He also mentioned about the daisies which must be fostered by a King or ruler. Ex — "Raja Muxh so chehiye Khan-pau ko ^{SE}."

In this way, we see that Tulsī's philosophy is still prevalent and guiding (road) of people all over the world.

SECTION - II

वि. सं.

2 (D)

Yadkrishnan was the second president of India from 1962 to 1967. He believed in Indian culture and philosophy and propagated it to all over the world and he taught the students for almost 10 years of his life.

Yadkrishnan's Philosophy can be understood by the points given below -

1) Objective of Religion -

He emphasized on 'to know the good truth', is the first objective of Religion.

2) Objective of Philosophy -

He told that philosophy did not mean to describe the life only but to change the direction of life is the objective of the philosophy.

3) Every person is the idol of gods

He also believed in humanity and compared the man with gods.

SECTION-II

उत्तर-ए

1. Introduction

4) Philosophy of Wilhelm Kierkegaard -

His philosophy believed in Greta's message of being ^{men} with thinking about the existence.

5) Dynamic nature of his philosophy -

Although western philosophy was static and stuck on its thoughts but Kierkegaard emphasized on dynamic nature of philosophy based ~~just~~ and humanism.

To this way.

We find that philosophy of Postmodernism was based on Tension between like Yehes, Upward and philosophical thoughts and he tried to base it on humanism.

In Ambedian we have seen 'father of Indian Constitution'. He was born in Maharashtra in modern Prant. He himself is his childhood and he spent through out his life for the eradication of it.

Reservation can be understood by these words →
 1) Varna System and Caste System - awareness of Hindus - Ambedian viewed Varma and Caste system as a two sides of a coin. He also declared it the reason behind poverty and division among Hindus.

2) Caste System hinders opportunity →
 Due to the denial of provision to other Castes, it hinders the opportunity for intercastes and diversity equality.

3) Social Justice is the solution →
 Ambedian declared that social justice is the form of political, economical,

SECTION II

45.4

Legal and religious or natural justice are necessary to provide just, equal and friendly environment creation in society.

1) Opposed the religious scriptures -
He opposed the more smart and other religious texts which supported 'holy concept' in Hindu.

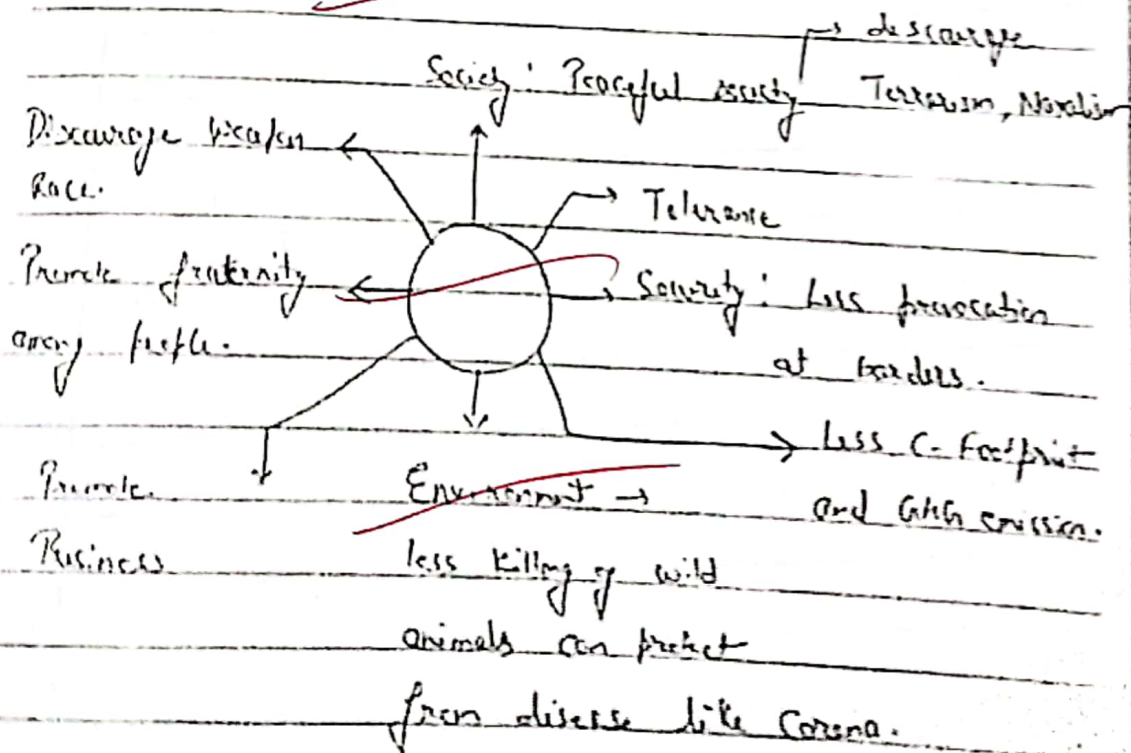
2) Villages are the cradle of caste system -
He also found that villages promote and propagate caste system at a place level while urbanization and industrialization discourages it.

Ambedkar had some differing views from Gandhi on religion, caste, industries and Hindu temple but he also favoured peaceful means and growth of all.

Q.2 (11)

Non-violence of Jain is very much relevant now a days also. World is witnessing many differences in society and culture. Example → Movement like Black lives matter came to the fore just due to violence on blacks.

Non-violence was utilized as a weapon in Indian freedom struggle by Gandhiji and made this concept practical in modern world. Relevancy can also be understood by following diagram -



Part II

Consideration is a matter of fact and not a matter of law. It is a matter of fact whether a person is a member of a particular caste or not. It is a matter of fact whether a person is a member of a particular caste or not. It is a matter of fact whether a person is a member of a particular caste or not.

(2) Not continued (2011)

But Jainism ^{is} ~~was~~ focused on
extreme kind of Non-Violence because
it sees soul in every particle which
can derail some professions eg. Agriculture,
Clinical trials of medicine on animals and
food processing industry also.

In this way,
we understood that Jainism is necessary
for world peace as it promotes love
in every sense ~~but~~ extreme level of
non-violence as in case of agriculture
is not required.

Q.11.

J(L)

Q.11. Administration comprises delivery of goods and services for the welfare of people. There are various values attached with administration eg. Transparency, Responsibility, Accountability, integrity, honesty, fairness etc.

Responsibility in administration is attached with moral obligation of an individual to behave with essence of commitment & duty. It comes from within. Responsibility largely comes before ~~during~~ decision. Example - Responsible act of administration generates public trust and faith.

Transparency means that openness in decision making and ~~implementation~~ of a policy by a public office. It involves why a decision was taken, for what purpose and how it was implemented. Example → Government websites, RTI, Applications telling about no. of vaccinated people etc.

It is

always expected from a government to be

प्रश्नोत्तर पुस्तिका मॉड्यूल QR CODE Page No. SECTION-II पृष्ठ-98

Responsibility

Responsibility

the

etc.

प्रश्न 141 (continued (जारी))

responsible, people centric and sensitive.
Responsibility and transparency both connect
the people with administration effectively.

Ex-1) People obey laws made by a
responsible administration i.e. let down
rules were followed by people in India
during Covid epidemic. otherwise we have
seen public outcry in western world against
lockdowns.

2) Transparency in government recruitment
and beneficial allotments e.g. In India
Nidhi enhances faith of people and minimise
Red tapism and corruption.

When people are
able to audit any scheme or project
on its own, it makes government successful
at grassroot level.

Q (m)

Corruption - is a social evil by which a person abuses his power or responsibility, causes illegal advantage, favor or rewards through some illegal practice against rules as well as ethics and morality. Ex - Relaying public projects i.e. roads or diverting the money for getting some profit.

Thus it is going in India i.e. "Corruption poisons the economy". By this we can understand how the sharp rates of corruption are there in Indian society and economy. Corruption has taken birth from the wrong mode of socialization process and some of the causes are -

- Ancient Recess -> British rule was corrupt in its ethos eg. use of caste, bribe etc.
- Lack of Transparency in government offices.

Q. 2 (continued from Q. 1)

→ Over centralization of power → people delays the work and process on its own speed.

→ Lack of monitoring and social audits.

→ Weak civil society

→ Delay in justice delivery to corrupt individuals.

→ Business - Bureaucrats - Politician nexus.

⑤ → Lack of awareness among people and illiteracy.

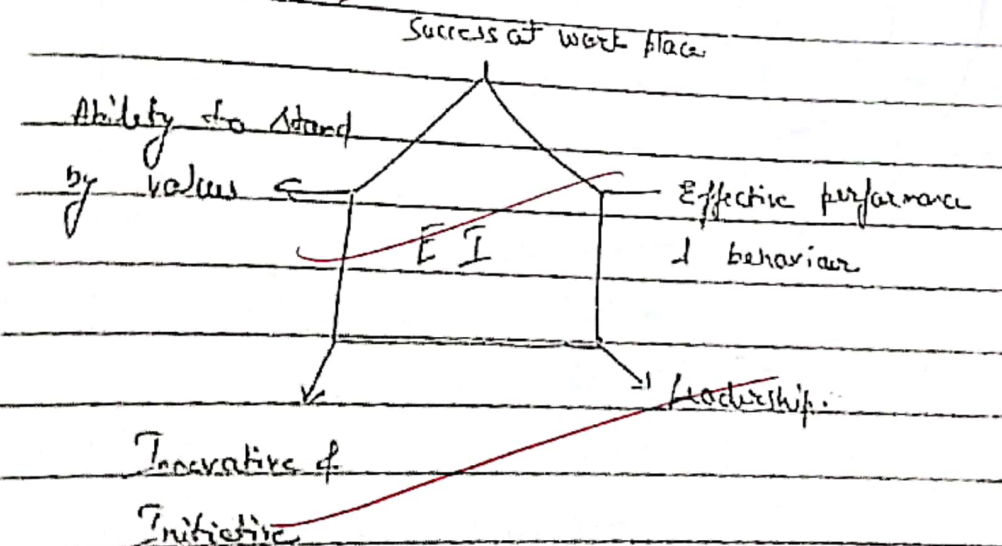
→ Acceptance of society and rise of consumerism and materialism etc.

In this way, we see that causes are so many and to tackle it a systematic approach, political will, awareness and transparency are much needed.

(48)

Q17. Emotional Intelligence - means understanding own emotions and other's emotions and then behaving by regulating one's own emotions in a socially desirable manner. Example - During reb. checking Emotional intelligence of police officer will manage and control the situation.

(E2) Emotional intelligence is very important in administration because it helps in tackling conflict hidden situations effectively. So, EI can be helpful at -

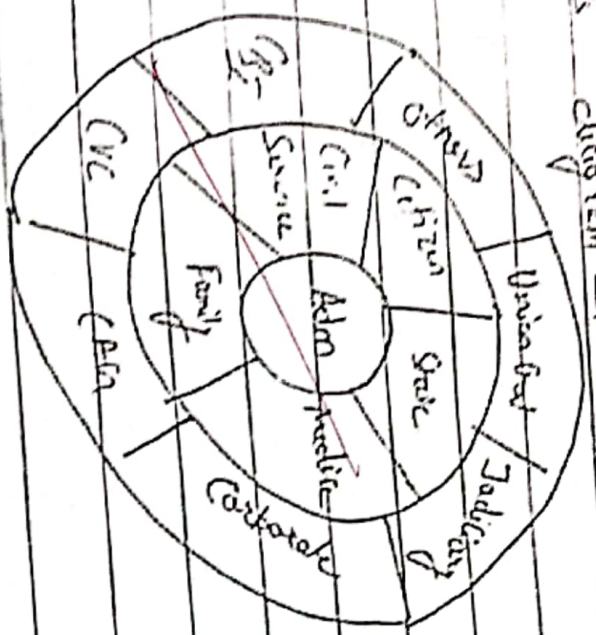


To this way we see that goods and services which are being

provided by administration can be divided
 in copathetic, citizen friendly environment,
 with responsibility. Apart from this it also

helps public administration to manage
 intra or inter organizational responsibilities
 effectively while creating conducive environment
 at home also. It can be understood by

this diagram ->



In this way, it is
 very important and crucial in administration.

(10)

Whistle-blower is a person who continuously works to highlight ill practices or wrong doings by a public office or institutions or individuals. Example - In M.L. Vybhav Corruption case was highlighted by whistle-blowers.

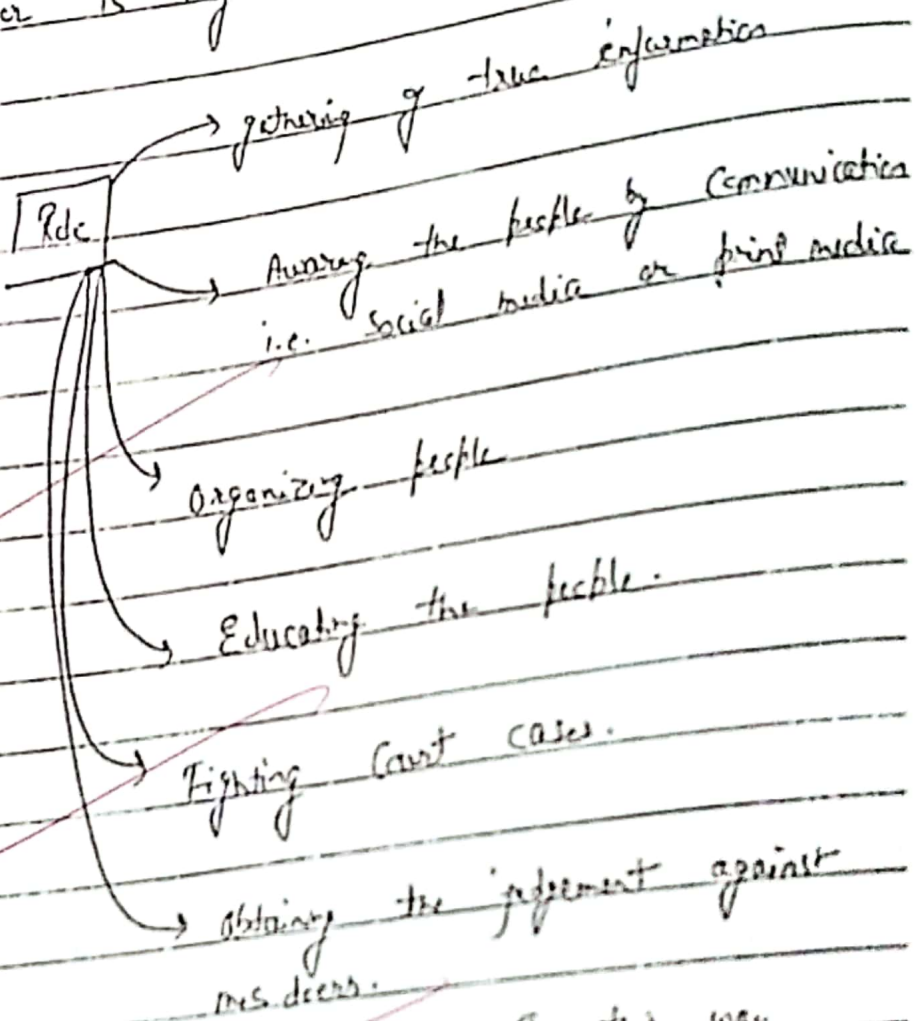
Persons use legal means to collect information about the government policies, processes or expenditures eg. RTI, government websites, social audit etc. These

Government has also provided a sense of security to whistle-blowers by enacting Whistle-blower Protection Act, 2013 but still it is not that much effective on ground.

It has a crucial role in reducing Corruption. People who are involved in corrupt practices have to think much then before and there is an environment of fear among them. Whistle-blowers also use institution like CVC, Lokpal, Banking ombudsman to highlight the mal-practices of Corrupts.

प्रश्नोत्तर पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखने के लिए इस खंड में निर्दिष्ट स्थानों का उपयोग करें।

Thus we see that role of whistle-blower is very wide i.e.

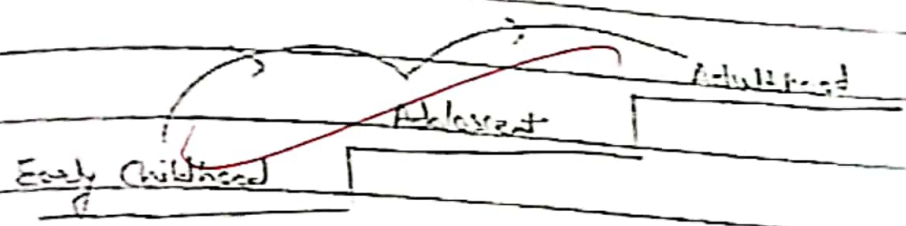


In this way, we see that India needs more transparency, awareness and more volunteers as whistle-blowers to make society just and equal.

2. (A)

Attitude develops through a process of socialization and it is the reaction about any object either favorable or unfavorable. Therefore, it is considered learned pre-disposition which leads into emotional response favorable/unfavorable towards objects. Objects include everything a person faces i.e. living, non-living, physical environment etc.
Example → Attitude towards handicapped, disabled or disabled etc.

Development of attitude in humans occurs in process i.e.



First two stages are very crucial because it is the tender age of attitude formation since child has clear mind and things get imprinted on his brain. The way in which child is exposed to different objects which

Q5

positive or negative attitude
created by different stimuli
of attitudes may
also be caused indirectly by
direct observation
↓
Parents & Friends
In this way we are not
raise is a causal factor and it is affected
attitude of a person's behaviour & knowledge
by various factors, because of which we
incidents are positive attitude of
not possible. For positive attitude of
Koban and negative attitude of
Koban

1871

שלום

2

Colo 1.1

Classical

→ Good choices

Parity -

9

To this day, we do not hold
Zain is a casual friend to dislike the
attitudes of a tyrant and it is expected
by views I raised, between I conclude,
incidents are accidents on the as well as
such models. For Positive attitude of
Kobon and positive attitude of Sam Sam.

What are the reasons behind such paper leak?

Factors responsible for increasing corruption -

1) Social factors -

→ Corruption is accepted in society, people praise the people who are rich.

→ Social evils like dowry, bribe to ease or by passing the law are also responsible.

→ People love individualistic lives instead of sacrifices, comfort is promoted at the cost of morality loss.

→ By simulation.

2) Economical factors -

→ Lack of resources i.e. land, water generates competition.

→ Red Tapism and license system

→ Businessman - Bureaucrates - Politician nexus, i.e. Black money in economy.

→ Lack of employment

Q. 3.1) (continued) (CIR)

3) Ethical & moral values -
↳ change in nature of lifestyle which has changed the

moral of people. i.e. Consumptive
behaviour.

4) Systemic approach -
↳ Hard work.

↳ Very big amount of penalty.
↳ Engagement of more human
interface instead of Technology.
↳ Lack of transparency and
accountability.

5) Weak Civil Society & lack of awareness. In this way

due to all these factors corruption is
increasing day by day.

... applications such as ...

... to ...

... ease of ...

... of ...
... and ...
... and ...

2) ...
... the ...
... also ...
... and ...

3) ...
... quality ...
... to ...

4) ...
... the ...

1. The following are the main objectives of the Government of India in the field of social justice and social welfare.

उद्देश्य (संक्षेप में)

5) Decrease human interface and increase technological aspects in service delivery.
Example: TAM Trinity in delivering MGNREGA wages or PM Kisan Kalyan Nidhi.

6) Break the politician - bureaucrat - businessman nexus. Bring transparency and proper audit of government accounts and allow audit of party funding.

7) Aware the people, enhance literacy and create a strong Civil Society network.

These are some of the measures to prevent corruption but a systematic overhaul of rules and regulation is needed as mentioned by Sachin Committee.

As a Director, what measures would you take to prevent such incidents from happening again?

→ ~~Causes of accumulation of black money →~~
~~No freezing controls of foreign capital.~~

→ ~~Black money is also a circular system. It creates more power and effectively who holds it.~~

→ ~~Lack of ethical and moral standards in people sitting at higher posts.~~

→ ~~No protection and rewards to those who are honest.~~

→ ~~No punishment and shame for those who are corrupt.~~

→ ~~False acceptance and change in values of society.~~

→ ~~News among the watchholders.~~

- Lack of Transparency and availability to disclose the black money easily.
eg. Macaula, Swiss bank accounts etc.

high rate of Tariff, provides
flexible to avoid taxes.

Technical facilities and use of outdated technology etc.

क्या श्रीमान एक्स को नक्सली नेताओं से चर्चा करनी चाहिए ?

Whether Mr. X should discuss the matter with Naxalite leaders?

Yes/No

Since government has expressed confidence in me to solve this by giving all options, I will discuss with terrorists continuously because lack of communication may create mistrust among terrorists. It may become the reason of killing others in that family. While assessing the emotions of terrorist, I will try to know how many of them are there and whereabouts of them. It will give me some time to think in which we can strategize our actions eg. engaging some family members of terrorist in talk with them, knowing more about them if some fellow terrorist is in our captivity and also to mobilise that comrade and our security forces as a last option.

Mention - Yes/No, you have to take a chance

at the starting

क्या निम्न कार्रवाई करना उचित होगा क्यों नहीं ?

Whether the Military action should be taken or not ?

Take a the first option to assess the real situation. And measure by using all technological facilities, both location and occupancy which they are holding with a need to know. Since family is the primary motive to live as it involves the survival of public and government's responsibility as well as future.

Militants will be made to realize that we are sincere to whole this. Contradict and our military position will be prepared side by side. Otherwise it will show weak image as nation and family's security will not be ignored in this operation.

समस्त प्रश्न उत्तरावधि 1 घण्टा 15 मिनट अन्तर्गत परीक्षा गरिनेछ । प्रश्नहरूको वितरण समान छ ।
समस्त प्रश्न उत्तरावधि 1 घण्टा 15 मिनट अन्तर्गत परीक्षा गरिनेछ । प्रश्नहरूको वितरण समान छ ।
समस्त प्रश्न उत्तरावधि 1 घण्टा 15 मिनट अन्तर्गत परीक्षा गरिनेछ । प्रश्नहरूको वितरण समान छ ।

प्रश्न 11 मीडिया की इस प्रकार में क्या भूमिका होनी चाहिए ?

What should be the role of media in this matter?

~~Test 10~~
Role of media is very crucial and media will be used sensitively to make terrorist that we are releasing their comrades. All the platforms will be used and to propagate the 'release of comrades news' while social media will also be harnessed and scrutinized if there any communication of militants is carrying on.

यदि चर्चा का प्रयास विफल रहता है, तो क्या सरकार को नक्सलियों के विरुद्ध कठोर कार्यवाही करनी चाहिए अथवा नहीं ?
If the attempt for dialogue failed. then Government should take strict action against Naxalites or not ?

In case of failure of dialogue ->
options are ->
1. strict action against militant -> If cannot be taken till they have family in their captivity. Because Government cannot leave captivity and life of a single citizen is impacted than a militant life. Government has authority to protect its citizens and maintain public trust also.

Field action not to be taken after the failure of family. Because Government cannot portray itself as a weak entity.

क्या कोई अन्य बाह्य दबाव बनाया जाना चाहिए ?

Should any other external pressure be made ?

Options are -

- 1) Take international help if militants belong to some other nation. By this we can know more about them and if militants are state sponsored then international community can pressure that nation to act for release of that family. i.e. diplomatic way. (10)
- 2) Release a dummy militant by adopting the body shape and vocals similarly to that comrades to falsify the militants. And necessary military action can be taken after the release of family.
- 3) Last option left is release the commander Comrade to free the family.