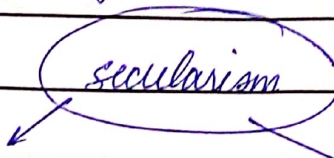


ANUSHA DHIMAN
(dhiman.anusha22@gmail.com)

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग (FLT) Part - A</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>PAPER - II</u></p>		हाथिए में न लिखें
2	A	<p>Secular - state of being separated from religion or not exclusively supporting or against any religion.</p>	
			
		<p style="text-align: center;">positive concept ↓</p>	
		<p style="text-align: center;">India: equality of all religion, equal protection to all</p>	
		<p style="text-align: center;">negative concept: ↓</p>	
		<p style="text-align: center;">weaker concept: # separation of state from religious matters.</p>	
		<p>Word "secular" was added explicitly to preamble by 42nd constitutional amendment 1976</p>	
		<p>though the concept was implicit in many articles of constitution such as article</p>	
		<p>14 (equality of all), article 15, articles (25-28) (religious equality & protection), article 29</p>	
		<p>article 44 (uniform civil code).</p>	
		<p>secularism in India is a positive concept when it gives equality to all religion & equal protection to them. It does not declare any official religion of state.</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">संश्लेषण नं. लिखें</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> B	Constitution under article 3 has given	
<input type="checkbox"/>	some powers to union / parliament	
<input type="checkbox"/>	to exercise rights over any reorganisation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of states. It upholds the concept of	
<input type="checkbox"/>	"Indestructible union of destructible states".	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Under article 3, parliament	
<input type="checkbox"/>	have following powers -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(a) formation of state -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ joining two territories to form new	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ separating a territory from existing	
<input type="checkbox"/>	state to form new eg. CG out of	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Madhya Pradesh.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ joining 2 parts of states to form new	
<input type="checkbox"/>	state.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Increase size of any state.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Diminish size of any state.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Rename any state.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	This reorganisation can be done	
<input type="checkbox"/>	by simple majority in parliament. Prior	
<input type="checkbox"/>	approval of President is required. States	
<input type="checkbox"/>	undergoing changes must be seeked suggestions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	as approval.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> C	Rule of law, a concept coined by	
<input type="checkbox"/>	A.V. Dicey, implies the supremacy of law in all matters.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	The concept has been implicitly	
<input type="checkbox"/>	dealt with in article 14 of Indian constitution - Equality of all.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule of law:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(a) Equal subjugation of all in front of law.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Absence of arbitrary power, i.e. nothing above law.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Constitution: People being the source of power of constitution.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Indian concept of rule of law	
<input type="checkbox"/>	is slightly different from above mentioned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	concept. Indian constitution is the	
<input type="checkbox"/>	source of power of people, not	
<input type="checkbox"/>	people being its source.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> 28	Constitution of India is a perfect blend of flexibility & rigidity. Constitution	
<input type="checkbox"/>	makers had left a window in the form of article 368 - constitutional amendment procedure.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Despite being a necessary feature to adopt changes it has been criticized on	
<input type="checkbox"/>	following grounds:	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(a) absence of any constitutional amendment body which has a separate identity.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Easy procedure - simple majority in maximum cases	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(c) similar parliamentary procedure as - that of passage of any ordinary law.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) states have no or lesser play in any amendment procedure. (only during special majority supported by 50% states)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(e) No time boundage on states on matter of amendments for replying back their decision.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(f) It cannot be undertaken by federal governments they can only suggest union.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Though it has some loopholes but is a spectacular process to keep pace with	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 1	developments.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> E	In most of the nations in world today, there are mainly two forms of governments -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Presidential form (US, Canada etc)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Parliamentary form. (India, Britain etc)</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Features of Presidential form -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(a) Powers to executive rather than legislative bodies	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Non-responsibility of executives towards parliament.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(c) President as head of government.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Election of president for a fixed tenure is separate from minister's election.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(e) President has its own small cabinet appointed by him & not elected.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(f) Stable form as compared to parliamentary form of government.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Presidential form of government is mainly adopted in areas/nations of uniformity	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	such form in diverse country like India where federal governments are given due representation does not work smoothly.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हार्थिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> 9	Opening of economy in 1991 has brought many positive changes but some negative	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ones as well such as red tapism, bureaucratic interference & corruption.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	In foreignness to prevent this	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prevention of corruption Act, 1988 was passed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Objectives -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(a) Prevent spread of corruption in government & government aided offices.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Punishment to government officials for taking bribes, gifts, favours in lieu of doing their expected job/duty.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Punishable for people who tries to bribe government servant.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Transparency and accountability is ensured in government offices.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(e) Applicability to Indian official outside territorial extent of country making it a universal act.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(f) Preventing interests of general mass regarding their due rights.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(g) Establishing chain of trust on government offices.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	The act proved to be a good step towards curbing of corruption.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाथिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> H	NGOs (Non-governmental organisations)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	are civil societies, privately owned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	having a specific structural organisations	
<input type="checkbox"/>	working to assist growth & development of society. They act as a catalysts	
<input type="checkbox"/>	eg. Gony, CRY, HelpAge India.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Problems</u> faced by NGOs includes -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Lack of funds	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ 1 NGO over every 600 people, subliming their effectiveness	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Lack of administrative structure	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Lack of voluntarism & youth participation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Disparity in rural & urban areas, lesser in rural areas.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Lack of financial accountability.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ tools for foreign organisations for lobbying in host country.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ sometimes they lack proper vision or misguided goal of development.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	NGOs, if freed from mentioned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	bottlenecks can prove to be a force-runner	
<input type="checkbox"/>	for development & catalyst for growth	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	<p>Comptroller & Auditor General - article 148, is an independent officer & head of Indian accounts & audit. It is the bulwark of Indian democracy. It is appointed by President.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Being an important officer, constitution has ensured its independence by following provisions</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Security of tenure - fixed</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Appointed by President only</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Removal by President only according to procedure suggested by constitution</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Office is immune to political mishaps to disavour CAG's officials</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Salary, pension is disbursed from consolidated fund.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>No minister can represent CAG in parliament</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>CAG's office is a vital structure to ensure financial accountability & transparency of accounts of government.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> L	Constitution has established a federal structure with unitary bias to ensure	
<input type="checkbox"/>	equal representation of all federal structures.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Division of power between center & states is ensured under three heads	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Legislative relation. 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Division of territorial powers (state govt. in states only whereas union, throughout country)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ State Division of subjects - Union list, state list & concurrent list.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Administrative relations. 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Reservation of some acts for presidential approval.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Appointment of governor as connective	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ All India Services for uniform implementation of central laws	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Integrated judiciary for justice & uniformity	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ Financial relations. 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Monetary instructions during financial emergency.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Reservation of money bill during emergency period for president's approval.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ President's rule is imposed for stabilising machinery.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	all these provision assists in smooth functioning of government.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
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<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र. राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग	हाथिए में न लिखें
1 A	B.R. Ambedkar (chairman)	
	T.T. Krishnamachari	
	Alladi Krishnaswamy Aiyangar	
	K.M. Mukherjee, Munshi	
	Gopalaswamy Aiyangar	
	Syed Saadullah	
	N. Madhav Rao	
	Procedure established by law means according to law. Explicitly mentioned in article 14 of Indian constitution	
	Dealing with the representation of states in Rajya Sabha. It declares percentage of state seats according to size of population in Rajya Sabha.	
	This led to amendment in article 15 and article 16 of fundamental rights, part III. This added a provision of 10% reservation to EWS (economically weaker section) in schools or educational institutions & in promotion in offices if not duly represented.	

प्रश्न संख्या	मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> E	1988, 9 th September.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> F	Article 324 - Election Commission as a nodal agency to conduct free & fair elections.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> G	Zero hour - session immediately after question hour at 12 noon in which issues of public importance are raised without prior notice.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> H	WRITS - 5 - Habeas Corpus Mandamus Certiorari Prohibition Quo Warranto.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> I	Manilla, Phillipines	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> J	committee established in 1971 to suggest the inclusion of fundamental duties in constitution. Its recommendation had been adopted in part IV A article 51A with few changes.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> K	Judicial philosophy espouse judiciary breach	
<input type="checkbox"/>	out its constitutional powers to deliver	
<input type="checkbox"/>	judgement on basis of social & moral	
<input type="checkbox"/>	consciousness. eg. Keswananda Bharti	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Case 1973 - Basic structure	
<input type="checkbox"/> L	manipur	
<input type="checkbox"/> M	President appoints under article 3	
<input type="checkbox"/> N	granted for meeting an unexpected	
<input type="checkbox"/>	demand upon resource of India. Blank	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cheque by lok sabha to government	
<input type="checkbox"/> O	Fund used during emergency, crisis or	
<input type="checkbox"/>	economic/ lock down to meet necessary	
<input type="checkbox"/>	requirements for functioning of nation.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
3 B	<p>To give due representation to long neglected & depressed strata of Indian society a commission for scheduled tribes and scheduled castes had been established in 1978, under article 338.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>but due to the realisation of diversity & difference of problems among two categories a separate constitutional body had been carved out in 2003 under article 338A.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>National commission for STs is a constitutional body dealing exclusively with matters of schedule tribes, their rights, protection and other matters.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Chairman</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">vice chairman</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">3 member</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Structure</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Appointed by president</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">हाशिए में न लिखें</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>functions of National Commission for scheduled tribes includes -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) Dealing matters of tribes such as</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>rights on forest produces</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>rights on their land</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>rights of their isolation.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Preparing policies & programmes for their mainstreaming with society</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) Reporting to government through submitting annual reports to President.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) suggesting government on policy frameworks.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) protecting their interest in any cases of their suppression.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(f) suo moto powers to check into any issues.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(g) Establishment of tribal Affairs ministry is assisted by commission</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	<p>हाशिए में न लिखें</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Tribes & their areas are completely different from rest of the parts of country. The community practices certain cultures & have varied languages. This has to be protected which is being protected by the commission smoothly.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
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<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें						
<input type="checkbox"/> c	Rural local self government is							
<input type="checkbox"/>	a decentralised structure of legislative,							
<input type="checkbox"/>	administrative & financial works							
<input type="checkbox"/>	of union or state government.							
<input type="checkbox"/>	This decentralisation is being							
<input type="checkbox"/>	worked by Panchayati Raj institutions							
<input type="checkbox"/>	which had given constitution status							
<input type="checkbox"/>	by 73 rd constitutional amendment							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Act 1993.							
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="text-align: center;"> </div>							
<input type="checkbox"/>	<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">legislative</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Administration</td> <td style="text-align: center;">financial</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">↓</td> <td style="text-align: center;">↓</td> <td style="text-align: center;">↓</td> </tr> </table>	legislative	Administration	financial	↓	↓	↓	
legislative	Administration	financial						
↓	↓	↓						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gram Sabha Chief	funds from						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Block panchayat executive	state govt.						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Zila parishad officer.	central govt. local taxes.						
<input type="checkbox"/>	All these working structures makes							
<input type="checkbox"/>	Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) a							
<input type="checkbox"/>	laboratory of democratic institution, they							
<input type="checkbox"/>	are a perfect example of bottom up							
<input type="checkbox"/>	approach.							

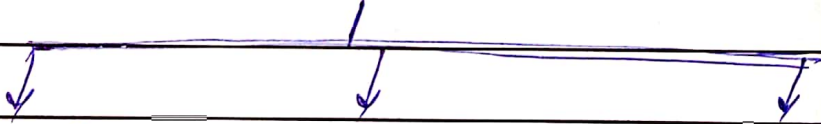
प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">हाशिए में न लिखें</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">functions / workings -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) laboratory of democratic experiments</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Grants local people some powers to tackle their daily life problems</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) finances for societal works - street lights, maintenance, water tanks, gardens etc</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) school for leaders to get first hand knowledge of politics.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) Ground level problems are solved immediately with local perspective.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">limitations are the other side of coin and are as following -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) Financial crunch - lack of finances to carry on daily works.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Tool for political parties - Parties use PRA works for their profit motives</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) Neglect of developmental works in rural areas.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) Corruption & excessive bureaucratization hinders the working and reduces the efficiency</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) Lack of education among general rural mass</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(F) occasionality of gram sabha meetings which have been necessitated to be held every 6 months.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(G) women due to 1/3 rd reservation, if get elected rarely get opportunity for political inclusion because of strict patriarchy.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(H) lethargy, lethargic tendency of upper officials to discharge their responsibilities.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	PRIs are the most vital structure of Indian democracy. Father of Nation - Mahatma Gandhiji had visioned for local self government. They are the face-sunnet of ground level development & must work religiously to keep the spirit of discharging development high.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
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<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
3 ✕	<p>Election are one of the major mechanism in working of world's largest democracy. Under article 324, Election Commission has been established to carry on the procedure of election & uphold the principle of free & fair election.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Various committees such as Verma Committee, Indrajit Gupta Committee, Reports of Law Commission & 2nd ARC,</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>reports have led to evolution of election process from time to time</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>such reforms includes -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) lowering of voting age on basis of universal adult franchise - 61st constitution</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Amendment lowered the age from 21 to 18 year in 1988.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Electronic voting machines - 1989, provision was made for its compulsory use, after a pilot project in assembly elections.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) listing of names of candidates & increase</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	in number of processes, using of VVPAT (voter verified paper audit trail)	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	① Model code of conduct to be followed in entire electoral process failing which leads to punishments.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	② checking the expenditure of campaign & banning liquor sales.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	③ voter ID cards to curb proxy voting.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	④ Provision of NOTA (None of the Above) & provision of recall of representatives in lower or local level elections.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Despite all these efforts of election commission there are many grey areas need to be attended as soon as possible.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	various reforms could be undertaken -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	① Curbing nexus of political parties or their members with criminals.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	② Restricting the emergence of political	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	parties lacking vision, well designed organisation & structure.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(3) NDTA should be made relevant rather than a vestigial tool.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(4) Mandatory use of VVPAT with EVMs and accounting of VVPAT slips.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(5) Restriction on foreign & corporate funding.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(6) Restricting expenditure of political parties strictly.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(7) Political parties to come under RTI.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(8) Restricting entries of candidates with criminal background.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(9) Curbing horse trading of candidates & strict implementation of anti defection law.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	All these reforms suggested by 2 nd Administrative Reform Commission	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	are still find relevance in today's context.	

प्रश्न संख्या	FLT PAPER - II मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग Part B.	हाशिए में न लिखें
3 B	World health organisation is an international, multilateral nodal agency working in field of health & sanitation.	
	Establishment : 7 th April 1948.	
	7 th April as world health day.	
	Head quarter - Geneva, Switzerland.	
	structure	
		
	world health Assembly headed by General Director	
	Executive Board	
	6 Regional offices.	
	(a) world health Assembly - acts as parliament of WHO. Discussion & debates over policy formulation & its frameworks.	
	comprising of 6 permanent members and 10 members elected every year among member nations.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">हाथिए में न लिखें</p>
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Executive Board works for	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	the implementation & administrative	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	works of WHO	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	It consists of technical	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	& general staff, from member nations,	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	who have knowledge of health &	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	sanitation.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Regional offices - whole world	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	is divided in 6 regions -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Americas	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	European Region.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	South Asian Region	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	African	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Pacific Ocean region	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Gulf region and Asia.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Objectives of WHO -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(a) Mainly being a health body, its	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	prior objective is to deal with	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	health & sanitation throughout world.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Assists research & development	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	in field of medical sciences	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) Assists nations in health & sanitation goals of millennial development goal.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) works on proper vaccination programs such as Polio vaccine, Rotavaccine</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) financial assistance for health & medical purposes</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(f) Prevents spread of epidemics.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(g) setting agenda, programmes & frameworks for smooth functioning of health sector.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>NHO is a vital organisation giving proper platform for conclusive & collective efforts in health, hygiene & sanitation.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> D	Education is the key to all	
<input type="checkbox"/>	achievements, development & growth	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of a nation. It is the foundation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	stone on which a powerful nation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	is built.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Elementary education is that	
<input type="checkbox"/>	type of education which is attained	
<input type="checkbox"/>	at lower or early ages of life or	
<input type="checkbox"/>	is basic to human knowledge, such	
<input type="checkbox"/>	as numbers or arithmetic in maths.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Government of India have been	
<input type="checkbox"/>	pushing ahead the barriers of illiteracy	
<input type="checkbox"/>	through diverse policies & programmes	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of elementary education. Since	
<input type="checkbox"/>	India has a huge human resource,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	it is a priority to develop a skillful	
<input type="checkbox"/>	manpower.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Programmes of elementary education	
<input type="checkbox"/>	development not only deals with	
<input type="checkbox"/>	education but some of them assist	
<input type="checkbox"/>	the development of such education.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	These programmes includes -	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) Right to Education Act, 2009.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Most vital act of constitution which provisioned the free elementary education to all upto age of 14 years.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Importance -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Elementary education is not a burden to poor strata any more. 	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Child labour has reduced. 	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Girl education is promoted. 	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan - As name suggests it is a universal education program to develop a culture of education in society especially economically weaker groups.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) Mid-day meal - world's largest food program which hits directly on nutritional status & school dropout ratio.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>meal is provided to enrolled students which not only ensure their attendance strictly but their nutritional status & hidden hunger.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) Operation blackboard - NPE 1986, for supplying schools with basic structures & facilities.</p>	1
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) Model schools such as Kendriya Vidyalaya & Navodaya Vidyalaya.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(f) Residential schools for Tribal students, girls, SCs & other weaker strata.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(g) Proper training to teachers & other staff, compulsory lady teacher in each & every school, separate sanitation & toilet facilities in schools especially for girls.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Elementary education is a basic necessity for structured & complete development of not only nation but individual as well.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
3 C	<p>Good health is the most important gift to mankind. A good health is not only beneficial to individual but it adds on to the Human Resource of any nation.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Every government tries its best to keep its manpower healthy which in turn catalyses growth & development.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Government of India through fund allocation and policies and programmes</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>keeps a check on health services provided to every section of society.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>health improvement</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;"> </p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>accessibility</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>cheaper cost</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>availability to all.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Policies run by government includes -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) Aashman Bharat - Universal health coverage program to all irrespective of family size, disease type or income status. A health</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हार्शिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	coverage of 5 lakh is provided in this scheme of 2019.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Pradhan Matsi Janani Swastha	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Yojna - to provide protection &	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	access to health institutions to pregnant	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	women. Aims to encourage institutional	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	delivery.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Universal Immunisation Program -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	covers 12 vaccine preventable diseases	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	such as Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Tetanus, Polio, Measles-Rubella,	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Japanese Encephalitis, Pneumonia pneumonia	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	etc. It is for preservation of pregnant	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	women, lactating mothers, infants &	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	children.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Lagshya - Labor Room quality improvement	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	initiative - to improve institutions of	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	delivery, proper protective measures are	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	to be taken, safety is ensured.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(e) Matsi Vandan Yojna - Program	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	to improve safe motherhood &	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	pregnancy.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<h2 style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा</h2> <p style="text-align: center;">म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(a) National health mission	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Rural leg</p> <p>↓</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Urban leg</p> <p>↓</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>National Rural health mission</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>National Urban health mission</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">To improve health services & care facilitation by improving service delivery institutions, doctors, paramedics etc.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Mission Anudhanush - coverage of 7 vaccinations for children or infants	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Poshan Abhiyan & Mid day meal -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	To provide proper supply of nutrients, supplementary nutrients, Zinc tablets, ORS, Iron-folic acid tablets	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	to prevent anaemia, malnutrition & deficiency diseases.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">All these programmes improves the demographic health of nations.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग	हाशिए में न लिखें
2 A	SARVA SHIKSHA ABHIYAN is a flag-ship	
<input type="checkbox"/>	programs of Indian government working	
<input type="checkbox"/>	for imbuing a culture of compulsory	
<input type="checkbox"/>	education to all.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	The program is working since	
<input type="checkbox"/>	early 21 st century. It is a	
<input type="checkbox"/>	universal education program with	
<input type="checkbox"/>	following programs -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Education for all compulsorily	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• 6 to 14 years of age is the	
<input type="checkbox"/>	set age to provide secondary	
<input type="checkbox"/>	education.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• compulsory girls education.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• provision of night schools for	
<input type="checkbox"/>	working children	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• punishment provision for not	
<input type="checkbox"/>	abiding to the rules of program.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	The program is most striking	
<input type="checkbox"/>	feature for educational development	
<input type="checkbox"/>	and a step towards human resource	
<input type="checkbox"/>	development.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

प्रश्न संख्या	मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> B	Malnutrition is a medical condition of hypnutrition or hypernutrition, where affected patient forms a distorted physical or not mental structure of body	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Programmes for alleviation -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(a) Mid day meal - lunch in schools to ensure nutrition among children	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) PDS - subsidized supply of basic & necessary food products to poor sections.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(c) Aastak Abhiyan - for prevention from fatal disease of dehydration, diarrhoea among children	
<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) ASHA & Anganwadi - Accredited social health agents & anganwadi are providing supplementary nutrition & health pills to pregnant, lactating mothers & children	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	All such programs helps in fighting	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाशिए में न लिखें		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	malnutrition.			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Article 312 has dealt with the provision of setting up of all India services. There are 3 such services			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indian Administrative services 			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indian Police services 			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Indian forest services. 			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Whereas central services are subordinate services under centre			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Difference :			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; border: none;">All India Services</td> <td style="width: 50%; border: none;">Central services</td> </tr> </table>	All India Services	Central services	
All India Services	Central services			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ works for both			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ only works for centre			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ Appointed by centre, selected by state			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ Appointed, selected & salaried by centre.			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ Appointed, selected by centre but salary is given by state government			
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ serves both simultaneously			

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हार्शिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	→ 3 in number - IAS, IPS, IFS	many in number - India foreign services,
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		Postal services, Engineering services etc.
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Both these services forms a stable	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	- stable structure and works in smooth coordination.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	. SAARC - South Asian Association of Regional cooperation formed in 1985	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	by - Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Maldives & Bhutan.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	It is a geopolitical & multilateral grouping of nations to cooperate on various aspects.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	But due to some unresolved issues the working of SAARC is ailing. such issues are leading to its failure.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	these issues includes -	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(1) Bilateral conflicts - India - Pakistan.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	(2) Internal conflicts - Civil war, unstable government.	

प्रश्न संख्या	मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग	हाशिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	③ shares 20% population by 3% GDP globally.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	④ Economically unsound position.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	⑤ Lack of proper leadership in India's front. rising of big brother or bully brother conception	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	⑥ Increasing shadow of china.	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	⑦ Engagements in several other groups as BRICS, BIMSTEC, ASEAN etc	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	If the group is realised minutely with proper guidance & cooperation it can prove to be a strong club of nations	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	All India Council of Technical education, established in 1945 to	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	works in-favour of technical education to develop a skillful manpower &	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	technical core staff.	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाथिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	Research & development of technical education	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Advisory body for higher education</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Assistance to institutes of technical courses</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>allocating funds, providing suggestions & consultation</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>financial assistance to them</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Role</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>policy formulation</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>human resource development</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"></div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Responsibility :</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>AICTE is a nodal agency of higher education under ministry of Human resource development. It</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>is responsible for certification of technical institutes, university, giving</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>awards in appraisal, reporting to ministry, affiliating institutes.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<p>Vocational education is a category of education which inculcated extra</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>skills & speciality in human resources leading to extra overall development</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>to assist job profiles.</p>	

प्रश्न संख्या	<p style="text-align: center;">मुख्य परीक्षा म.प्र.राज्य लोक सेवा आयोग</p>	हाथिए में न लिखें
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • skill development 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human Resource development 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knowledge empowerment 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • extra qualification to person 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Importance of Vocational Education</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • creation of technical workforce 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • alternative to conventional education system 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • easy & economical 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Helpful for women such as courses of beautician, tailoring, home science 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • suitable for poor strata as well. 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Vocational training is a vital field to develop human resources.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Mid-day meal (1995) is a flagship program of government of India to deal with -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Nutritional status 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Dropout ratio 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> → school attendance 	

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<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p style="text-align: center;">Despite being a largest nutritional program in educational field it has some grey areas as well -</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(a) Lack of proper nutrition - designated nutrition is not provided.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Cases of salt & Chapati, missing of protein from food varies every</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>then & now</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(b) Black marketing of provisions - Raw material is smuggled from back doors.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(c) Lack of proper cooks to cook meal for lunch.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(d) Disobeying nutritional & other guidelines by school machinery</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>(e) Lack of sanitation, drinking water, health & hygiene.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>grey areas are</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>If removed the scheme will proved to be a forerunner & most striking programme.</p>	

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<input type="checkbox"/> 5	Preventive & curative health are	
<input type="checkbox"/>	two major types of health system	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of caring and reducing effects of	
<input type="checkbox"/>	disease - communicable or non-	
<input type="checkbox"/>	communicable.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Preventive health is taken	
<input type="checkbox"/>	care off as pre-disease measure	
<input type="checkbox"/>	to ward off disease. It measures	
<input type="checkbox"/>	to increase immune system	
<input type="checkbox"/>	such as vaccination - Polio vaccine,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rotavaccine, healthy habits, Yoga	
<input type="checkbox"/>	or exercises.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Curative health is the measures	
<input type="checkbox"/>	taken after when patient is affected	
<input type="checkbox"/>	by any disease. It is to cure	
<input type="checkbox"/>	the patient & to make him disease	
<input type="checkbox"/>	free.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	eg. HIV AIDS measures	
<input type="checkbox"/>	DOTS for TB	
<input type="checkbox"/>	By pass surgery for heart ailments.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	national AIDS control program.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

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<input type="checkbox"/> K	Health services includes the	
<input type="checkbox"/>	presence of doctors, paramedical	
<input type="checkbox"/>	staff, health machinery, hospitals,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	health centres along with medicinal	
<input type="checkbox"/>	facilities.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rural areas in India generally lags	
<input type="checkbox"/>	behind in medical development. It lacks	
<input type="checkbox"/>	the basic amenities of disbursement	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of health services.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Condition -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Lack of doctors & staff	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Lack of connect, transportation & communication	
<input type="checkbox"/>	with health centres far away	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Lack of hospitals & health centres	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Absence of medical infrastructure	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Private hospitals are established only	
<input type="checkbox"/>	in urban localities, rural areas lack	
<input type="checkbox"/>	them,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Expensive health services	
<input type="checkbox"/>	• Superstition among rural masses	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		

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<input type="checkbox"/> L	Madhya Pradesh Public Service Commission is a nodal organization which	
<input type="checkbox"/>	recruits government personnel through a system of three tier examination.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Through this examination the commission selects the most eligible candidate having apt caliber.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	RRT Procedure Includes -	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-right: 10px;">Preliminary Examination</div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">}</div> <div> <p>2 paper:</p> <p>General studies</p> <p>Comprehension</p> <p>Aptitude.</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	↓	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-right: 10px;">Mains Examination</div> <div style="font-size: 2em;">}</div> <div> <p>6 papers of varied knowledge related to human aspect</p> </div> </div>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	↓	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-left: 20px;">Personal Interview</div>	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	All these process nearly takes a year to complete. Students / candidates are recruited on basis of their ranks in examination.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	After this a foundation training course is carried out in RCVN Narmada Academy, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh	

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Causis - Lack of proper nutrition, absence of supplementary nutrition, hidden hunger, unbalanced diet, economically poor section, illiteracy, poverty.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Established in 2013 as an aftermath of Gang rape, Delhi. It is supervised by finance ministry. It is an umbrella fund to provide financial assistance to women & girl centric programmes.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Human resource development is channelising the human potential in productive direction to assist development & growth of various aspects of working population.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> D 	<p>1948, 7th April.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>NCOV 2019 - Novel corona virus is currently a global epidemic spreading out from Wuhan, China as epidemic to other parts. No vaccine is present to control their its spread.</p>	

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<input type="checkbox"/> F	National Council for vocational training assisting vocational education & skill development.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> G	Dengue, malaria, Japanese Encephalitis, Chikungunya, Nipah Virus.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> H	Bio technology is the usage of biology or related field to develop technology. eg CRISPR cas-9, gene pool etc.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> I.	Scheme of central sector to assist aged people with equipments of old age such as walking stick, tripod, hearing aid. Executed by ALIMCO, financed by central government.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> J	Segregation or setting up of hierarchy of labour according to their knowledge, skills, technical know how.	
<input type="checkbox"/>		
<input type="checkbox"/>	↑ manager / director ↓ technical / engineers	
<input type="checkbox"/>	↓ labourers / daily wage workers	

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<input type="checkbox"/> K	Rashtriya Uchchaitar Shiksha Abhiyan is	
<input type="checkbox"/>	a higher education scheme of government of India.	
<input type="checkbox"/> L	Open university is a mechanism of	
<input type="checkbox"/>	such universities providing distance learning program eg. IGNOU, etc.	
<input type="checkbox"/> m	Nodal Academy for training of	
<input type="checkbox"/>	IPS officers and other police staff situated in Nagpur Hyderabad.	
<input type="checkbox"/> N	Regional comprehensive economic partnership	
<input type="checkbox"/>	of group of ASEAN nation with Australia, Japan, China among others. It is	
<input type="checkbox"/>	formulated recently to economic cooperation which India refused to join.	
<input type="checkbox"/> O	BIMSTEC - headquartered at Dhaka,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bangladesh, 1997, Bay of Bengal Initiative for	
<input type="checkbox"/>	multisectoral, technical & economic cooperation among India, Bangladesh,	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bhutan, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Nepal, Bhutan & Myanmar	
<input type="checkbox"/>		