

प्रश्न 1.

इस प्रश्न में 20 अति लघुत्तरीय उप-प्रश्न हैं, प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 10 शब्द/ एक पंक्ति होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 02 (दो) अंकों का है।

Que.1

This question contains 20 very short answer type sub-questions. Answer each question in ideal 10 words/one line. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 02 (Two) Marks.

20x02=40

प्रश्न: (1.1)

पू./M = 02



प्राप्तक

उत्तर:

प्रश्न: (1.2)

पू./M = 02



प्राप्तक

उत्तर:

प्रश्न: (1.3)

पू./M = 02



प्राप्तक

उत्तर:

Nyayaad is a philosophy of Jainism

प्रश्न: (1.4)

stereotype

पू./M = 02



प्राप्तक

उत्तर:

stereotype means developing understanding about person based on his area or group. While prejudice means discriminating based on his groups

प्रश्न: (1.5)

पू./M = 02



प्राप्तक

उत्तर:

Emotional intelligence can be managed by developing compassion and own's self understanding of past accomplishments.

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प्रश्न: (1.6)

पू./M = 02

उत्तर: Administrative Integrity means honesty plus unwavering strength of one's moral principles. eg:-
TM Shreshan

प्राप्तांक

प्रश्न: (1.7)

पू./M = 02

उत्तर: Sources of ethical guidance are our constitution, Code of conduct, Society and family.

प्राप्तांक

प्रश्न: (1.8)

पू./M = 02

उत्तर: choosing the ethical course of action by evaluating morality of it eg:- not tapping on someone's desire for this cause.

प्राप्तांक

प्रश्न: (1.9)

पू./M = 02

उत्तर: VN declaration of corruption was made in 2003

प्राप्तांक

प्रश्न: (1.10)

पू./M = 02

उत्तर: lokpal is the ombudsman at central Government level while lokpal at state Government under lokpal and lokayukta act 2013

प्राप्तांक

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प्रश्न: (1.11)

उत्तर:

प्रश्न: (1.12)

उत्तर: Integral Humanism is philosophy of Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyay where welfare of ~~everybody~~ ^{everyone} is preached.

प्रश्न: (1.13)

उत्तर: Intellectual hypocrisy when a person does not use his honesty, objectivity and empathy in administration despite being educated.

प्रश्न: (1.14)

उत्तर: Differences based on individual's attitude, ethical development and conflict of interest is individual difference.

प्रश्न: (1.15)

उत्तर: Service spirit means prioritising public welfare over one's self goal is public spirit. eg:- Mother Teresa devoted her life for welfare.

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

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प्राप्तक

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प्रश्न: (1.16)

उत्तर:

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

प्रश्न: (1.17)

उत्तर:

work culture is accommodating people's beliefs, customs, tradition, rule of law and work conduct at a work place.

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

प्रश्न: (1.18)

उत्तर:

declaration of UN Corruption was issued in 2003

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

प्रश्न: (1.19)

उत्तर:

RTI Act was made in 2005 to promote transparency of governance. Hence Central Information Commission was established

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

प्रश्न: (1.20)

उत्तर:

CPI is released by Transparency International to rank countries based on corruption and Institutions working in this area

पू./M = 02

प्राप्तक

प्रश्न: 2.

इस प्रश्न में 08 लघु उत्तरीय उप-प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 50 शब्द/ 5 से 6 पंक्तियाँ होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प भी हो सकता है। अर्थहीन जिस आंतरिक विकल्प का उत्तर दे रहे हैं उसका स्पष्ट उल्लेख उत्तर के समक्ष अनिवार्यतः करें। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 5 (पाँच) अंकों का है।

08x05=40

Que.2

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पू./M = 05

प्रश्न: (2.1)

उत्तर :

Prejudice means discriminating someone based on his group. eg:- Hitler's racism against Nazi's, Apartheid practiced in South Africa

Stereotype means developing a strong impression about a person based on his gender, region, place etc. eg:- All Politicians are corrupt, Tribals are uneducated and obese

पू./M = 05

प्रश्न: (2.2)

उत्तर :

Ethical dilemma arises in cases of conflict of interest where Personal vs public duty ex. occurs. It can be resolved by

a Having code of conduct in place

b Using Objectivity eg:- releasing funds for underdeveloped area v/s developed area

c Prioritising Rule of law over emotions

d Using Emotional intelligence

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08x05=40

प्रश्न: (2.3)

उत्तर:

Corruption can be prevented by :-

a Institutional mechanisms like - CVC, RTI, Lokpal and Lokayukta, UNCAC

b Administrative training - having code of conduct, implementation of Hota and ARC report

c Persuasion - by influencing attitude using examples of leaders like Sreedharan, APJ Kalam

d Resolve conflict of interest by declaring assets.

पू./म = 05



प्रश्न: (2.4)

उत्तर:

Good governance is importance prerequisite as:- a Merit based selection prevents misuse of funds

b Transparency improves accountability

c Having constitutional morality develops idea of justice and liberty

d Having integrity avoids conflict of interest

e Releasing citizen's charters ensures participatory governance.

पू./म = 05



प्राप्तक

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प्रश्न: (2.5)

पू./M = 05

उत्तर:

Samitee Phule was a reformer who worked for upliftment of lowest caste people, educating girls and preventing discrimination through Satyashodhak Samaj 1873. We learn the idea of -

- a. Compassion towards disadvantaged.
- b. Accountability towards society by educating the underprivileged.
- c. Showing leadership that women can change the society.

प्रश्न: (2.6)

पू./M = 05

उत्तर:

methods of change to desirable attitude are-

- a. Source - credible source like ECI to aware people to vote and go to vote.
- b. media - Campaigns like Swachh Bharat through PIB made people use toilet.
- c. leaders - eg:- celebrities campaigning to get COVID vaccines.
- d. Society - Peaceful acceptance of judgements by courts eg:- decriminalizing sec 377 promotes tolerance and.

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08x05=40

प्रश्न: (2.7)

उत्तर:

main components of Emotional intelligence are:-
 a. Self awareness of own emotions
 b. Flexibility is adapting ^{with} people and place
 c. optimism about future.

पू./म = 05



प्रश्न: (2.8)

उत्तर:

Role of following in developing values are:-
Family - inculcates the value of developing respect towards people
Society - develops tolerant attitude towards each other by accepting everyone's gestures and customs.
Educational institutions - help in developing diversity and scientific temperament.

पू./म = 05



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04x20=80

प्रश्न: 3.

Que: 3.

This question contains 04 long answer type sub-questions. Answer each question in ideal 200 words. All questions are compulsory. Internal choice can be given in the question. The candidate has to explicitly indicate the option chosen. Each question carries 20 (Twenty) marks.

पू./म = 20

प्रश्न: (3.1)

उत्तर:

Charvaka was a philosopher who propounded the doctrine that truth can be developed by experiment and after observing by self (objective empiricism). Believing in someone outrightly was rejected by Charvaka.

By self evaluation and observation by evaluation of various alternatives, the truth can be identified.

His philosophy is relevant in administration because a bureaucrat has to be objective in giving justice to people. eg:- Buxwaha project where issue of displacement of people by cutting forest and diamond mining, a proper Environmental Impact assessment can reveal whether the project is feasible.

Charvaka also denounced the practice of unnecessary rituals and materialism spread at that time.

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पू/M = 20

प्रश्न: (3.2)



उत्तर:

Attitude means our inclination or bent of mind towards something, based on its evaluative feature.

The various components of attitude are:-
a Cognitive - Perceiving and ~~objecting~~ analysing it through discussions eg:- how we feel when we see greenery / trees around

b Affective - How we feel our emotions after seeing greenery. eg:- We feel good after viewing trees and plantations.

c Behavioral - How we act after seeing greenery. eg:- We also start planting trees.

Attitude also has its various functions, which are:-

a Knowledge function - eg:- developing positive attitude towards Aadhar - ucerid seeding after reaching, debating and analysing it.

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(3.2) Continued (जारी)

b Utilitarian function - developing a sense of belongingness by accomodating to society's values.

there are various ways in which our attitudes can be changed like

a Media :- eg:- developing our accountability towards environment by propogating government's policies

b leaders - Generating empathy towards AIDS victims by promoting NACO program of government

c Source - Institutions like ECI conducting free and fair elections generates accountability towards institutions.

Hence attitude being important component of our behaviour can be adjusted to better the governance

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प्र./म = 20



प्रश्न: (3.3)

उत्तर :

Integrity means having and unwavering belief in one's moral principles without deviation. The challenges in path of integrity are:-

a. Rising materialism makes a bureaucrat promote his selfish interest.

b. Not having code of conduct or place.

c. Peer accountability mechanisms eg:- not doing social audit of schemes.

d. Having conflict of interest eg:- using public transport for family rather than Government use.

e. Lack of higher values eg:- beating common person for showing off by Chatterjee's DM, which shows missing empathy.

f. Rising corruption - as Transparency International had downgraded rank of India

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प्रश्न: (3.3) Continued (जारी)

These challenges can be resolved by:-

a Having code of conduct in place:- eg:-

ARC's recommendations being implemented

b Developing leadership attitude - eg:-

showcasing spirit of Mr Gandhi's inclination towards satyagraha and non violence.

c Following constitutional morality:- eg:-

ideas of justice, liberty, equality etc.

d Strict implementation of objectivity in daily administration

Hence integrity is an important part of a bureaucrat's aptitude. Proper implementation of it can improve efficiency and provide good governance to people

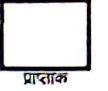
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प्रश्न: (3.4)



उत्तर:

Corruption is the practice of using ~~power~~ by people to develop their own self interest rather than doing their own work in spirit.

Causes of corruption are:-

a Ineffectiveness of constitution - still 3% of MPs being there on lok sabha

b lack of integrity eg:- Calcutta HC commenting ECI that it was not even 10% of TN Sheeshaw's way of working during West Bengal elections

c Protection provided to civil servants in article 311

d Rising neo liberal world order is promoting materialism

e People themselves not considering it as taboo but a way of life.

f Rising economy capitalism to civil contracts.

प्रश्न: 3. इस प्रश्न में 04 दीर्घ उत्तरीय उप-प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 200 शब्द है। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प भी हो सकता है। अभ्यर्थी जिस आंतरिक विकल्प का उत्तर दे रहे हैं उसका स्पष्ट उल्लेख उत्तर के समक्ष अनिवार्यतः करें। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 20 (बीस) अंकों का है।

04x20=80

Que: 3. This question contains 04 long answer type sub-questions. Answer each question in ideal 200 words. All questions are compulsory. Internal choice can be given in the question. The candidate has to explicitly indicate the option chosen. Each question carries 20 (Twenty) marks.

प्रश्न: (3.4) Continued (जारी)

The effects of corruption are:-

a) less of interest on institutions like MPs

eg:- CWC scam

b) Rise in inequality which is against social justice

c) drain of government's resource.

d) lowers government's accountability eg:- amendment of RTI bill 2019

e) It leads to bureaucratic apathy

Therefore, being ~~it~~ considered as a drain on society, various measures to reduce corruption have been taken like UNCAC 2003, Lokpal, CVC, CIC etc. Hence more needs to be done by changing attitude of people towards it and weeding out corrupt politicians from public space.

प्रश्न: 4. इस प्रश्न में 02 (केस स्टडी) उप खंड है। उप खंड 4.1 एवं 4.2 प्रत्येक उपखंड में 05 प्रश्न होंगे तथा प्रत्येक उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 100 शब्द होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 04 अंकों का होगा।

04x05=20

Que: 4. This question has 02 (Case Study) sub section. as sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2, Each Case study have 05 questions and the ideal word limit for each answer will be 100 words. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 04 (Four) Marks.

प्रकरण अध्ययन (case Study)

प्रश्न: (4.1)

① The case is of conflict of interest between personal v/s public duty. The options available to me are:-

- a letting my son to appear on mathematics on current level of knowledge.
- b Provide private tuition to my son to improve his score on Maths.
- c Ask my wife to motivate my son and help him on this subject especially.
- d Ask the maths teacher to allow my son to cheat.

② The evaluation of various options are:-

- a Appearing on current level of knowledge:- This protects my integrity but son's career will be hampered. Hence my expectation is questioned since his talent in sports is unnoticed here.
- b Private tuition - Accountability of my school and teachers will be questioned as we are not able to provide good training.
- c Wife's help and motivation will help

प्रश्न: 4. इस प्रश्न में 02 (केस स्टडी) उप खंड है। उप खंड 4.1 एवं 4.2। प्रत्येक उपखंड में 05 प्रश्न होंगे तथा प्रत्येक उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 100 शब्द होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 04 अंकों का होगा।

Que: 4. This question has 02 (Case Study) sub section. as sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2, Each Case study have 05 questions and the ideal word limit for each answer will be 100 words. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 04 (Four) Marks.

04x05=20

पू./M=4

प्रश्न: (4.1).(1)

उत्तर:

on raising Emotional intelligence ^(EI) of my son which will prevent him from going under depression. It will also make him face maths paper strongly & allow cheating - But as a principle my honesty towards my job is threatened but on the contrary, I am saving my son's career which reflects empathy.

Based on the above options, I will choose the third option i.e asking my wife to support. Here the EI of my son will be high, my wife's faith in my integrity will be preserved and my conflict of interest will be eliminated.

प्रश्न: 4. इस प्रश्न में 02 (केस स्टडी) उप खंड है। उप खंड 4.1 एवं 4.2। प्रत्येक उपखंड में 05 प्रश्न होंगे तथा प्रत्येक उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 100 शब्द होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 04 अंकों का होगा।

Que: 4. This question has 02 (Case Study) sub section. as sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2, Each Case study have 05 questions and the ideal word limit for each answer will be 100 words. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 04 (Four) Marks.

04x05=20

प्रश्न: (4.2) प्रकरण अध्ययन (case Study)

The case shows the loss of values and respect towards humanity. While on one side people from well to do families and privileged continue to grow but on the other hand deprived struggle to afford even a square meals a day.

SAMPLE

प्रश्न: 4. इस प्रश्न में 02 (केस स्टडी) उप खंड है। उप खंड 4.1 एवं 4.2। प्रत्येक उपखंड में 05 प्रश्न होंगे तथा प्रत्येक उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 100 शब्द होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 04 अंकों का होगा।

Que: 4. This question has 02 (Case Study) sub section. as sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2, Each Case study have 05 questions and the ideal word limit for each answer will be 100 words. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 04 (Four) Marks.

04x05=20

पू./M=4



प्रश्न: (4.2).(1)

उत्तर :

The main ethical issues involved are

BEGGARS

a lacking emotional intelligence - unless these people challenge their situation and come out of deprivation, situation will not improve

b Negative attitude towards government and people that they are responsible for it

CITIZENS

a lack of compassion - wiping them away just by subsidizing them to a coin

b lack of responsibility - eg:- not learning from M. Amher Terena, RR Roy who should their life for upliftment of poor

GOVERNMENT

a less of accountability - Despite pro poor schemes, poor are not being uplifted

b laying low emphasis on values - Policies are designed to reduce fiscal deficit rather than providing resources and empowering the poor.

प्रश्न: 4. इस प्रश्न में 02 (केस स्टडी) उप खंड है। उप खंड 4.1 एवं 4.2। प्रत्येक उपखंड में 05 प्रश्न होंगे तथा प्रत्येक उत्तर हेतु आदर्श शब्द सीमा 100 शब्द होगी। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 04 अंकों का होगा।

04x05=20

Que: 4. This question has 02 (Case Study) sub section. as sub-sections 4.1 and 4.2, Each Case study have 05 questions and the ideal word limit for each answer will be 100 words. All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 04 (Four) Marks.

पू/M=4



प्रश्न: (4.2).(2)

उत्तर:

The socio-economic status is against the concept of equality and justice. Hence to control it :-

a Attitude of beggars needs to be changed and persuaded to avoid begging. eg:- PMA SVANIDHI yojana provides loans for self employment.

b People should be advised to show compassion for their cause and not to give coins.

c Government should campaign to educate them and tell leadership stories of Amraban son catra and kalam, this will motivate them to improve their status.

Hence by eradicating the root cause and generating values in policy making by Government, the issue of begging can be resolved.