

1	A	Francis Bacon was famous writer and philosopher of Renaissance period
		→ Proposed study of Natural philosophy and scientific methodology
		→ Wrote <u>The Advancement of Learning</u> , <u>Essay</u>
1	B	→ It is a city founded by Ottoman Empire
		→ Capital city of <u>Bohda</u>
		→ <u>Duke Ferdinand</u> killed here
1	C	→ Important Revolutionary leader of <u>Soviet USSR</u>
		→ Took part in <u>October Revolution 1917</u>
		→ Formed <u>provisional government</u> with <u>Ivan</u> after <u>October revolution</u>
1	D	→ Important <u>Buddhist</u> philosopher.
		→ Gave philosophy of <u>'Middle Path'</u>
		→ Belong to <u>Mahayan Sect</u> .
1	F	→ Famous <u>Rock Cut Temple</u> in <u>Aurangabad (Maharashtra)</u>
		→ Consists <u>32 temple</u> and <u>monasteries</u>
		→ Build by <u>Rashtrakut Ruler Krishna I</u>



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मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

1	Q	→ Famous poet and historian in Akbar court → wrote Akbarnama
		→ Killed by Veer Singh Dev Bundela
1	H	→ Unit of measuring agricultural land. → Introduced by Sikandar Lodhi
		→ Consists of 32 sections
1	I	→ Important writer and philosopher of Bengal → Member of Brahma samaj
		→ Started <u>Tatva Bodhini Sabha</u>
		→ Father of <u>Rabindra Nath Tagor</u>
1	K	→ Famous folk poet of Bundelkhand → Centre of his Raiti music was <u>Radhakrishna</u>
		→ Humanist and wrote <u>Jauri ki Faag</u>
1	L	→ Famous <u>Jungle Satyagraha</u> started in M.P in 1930 → Region   <u>Betul</u>
		→ By   - <u>Gurjan Singh Korku</u>
1	M	→ Autonomous Centre of ATO in M.P situated in <u>Bhopal</u> → Architect   <u>Charles Correa</u> in year 1982 → It has <u>6 wings</u>



1	7	<p>→ Adolf Hitler was dictator of Germany</p> <p>→ Founder of <u>Nazism</u></p>
		<p>→ known for his <u>cruelty towards Jews</u> and <u>responsible for WWII</u></p>
1	0	<p>→ Sachin → Sarangi</p> <p>→ Rashmi</p>
3	A	<p>→ A series of events that took place between <u>1789 - 1799</u> that completely transformed the <u>socio-economic and political situation</u> in <u>European</u>, is called <u>French Revolution</u></p> <p>→ It has great impact not only in Europe in India and other part of world.</p> <p>From, formation of <u>Nation of Assembly</u> to <u>Rule of Napoleon</u>, French society under went different <u>form of ruling</u> from <u>Dictator to Con Monarch to Constitutional Monarch</u> and then to <u>Republic</u> again then <u>constitutional monarch</u> and finally <u>Dictatorship</u></p>



However, it can be said that failed in achieving objectives because :-

o French society transformed into Absolute Monarch to constitutional monarch with limited power

o National Assembly classified citizen as Passive and active

o Voting right was given to Male above 25 years

o No universal adult franchise

o women condition were not upheld

o Jacobian government <sup>assumed</sup> adopted Dictatorship tendency

o His reign was called Reign of Terror

→ People were tried and executed for no-reason  
→ strict restriction were placed on them  
Maximum ceiling of Food price was fixed.



○ After execution of Jacobian government, Directory was formed which again discriminate among people.

○ Favoured Rich and Merchant class and gave voting right to wealthy class

○ Depend on Military support to remain power, and has no confidence of people

○ After removing Directory, Napoleon assumed dictatorship

So, the aim of forming a republican society/government - with greater freedom of expression, thoughts and work was undermined throughout French Revolution

Ideas of liberty, equality, fraternity was popularized but couldn't take actual shape and form during Revolution and after it



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मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	After independence india consists of various <u>presidencies</u> and <u>princely state</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	There was around <u>563</u> princely state at time of <u>independence</u> .								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	These presidencies were given option to remain <u>independent</u> , to join <u>India</u> or to join <u>Pakistan</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Most of <u>Princely state</u> joined India except <u>Jammu Kashmir</u> , <u>Junagad</u> and <u>Hydrabad</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	o <u>Jammu Kashmir</u> joined with India through <u>Treaty of Accession</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	o <u>Junagad</u> through <u>Placit</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	o <u>Hydrabad</u> through <u>Military Action</u>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Then India state divided into 4 class								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<pre>           /-----\          /           \         /             \        /               \       /                 \      /                   \     /                     \    /                       \   /                         \  /                           \ /                             \ Group A                       Group B </pre>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<pre>           /-----\          /           \         /             \        /               \       /                 \      /                   \     /                     \    /                       \   /                         \  /                           \ /                             \ Group C                       Group D </pre>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Presidencies of British Territory</td> <td>Princely state</td> <td>Presidencies of High Commissioner</td> <td>Union Territory</td> </tr> <tr> <td>e.g. CP &amp; Berar</td> <td>e.g. Indore state Madhya Pradesh</td> <td>e.g. Baghelkhand</td> <td>e.g. Andaman Nicobar</td> </tr> </table>	Presidencies of British Territory	Princely state	Presidencies of High Commissioner	Union Territory	e.g. CP & Berar	e.g. Indore state Madhya Pradesh	e.g. Baghelkhand	e.g. Andaman Nicobar
Presidencies of British Territory	Princely state	Presidencies of High Commissioner	Union Territory							
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मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
(Mains Answer Sheet)

भारत का नं. 1 संस्थान  
कौटिल्य एकेडमी  
सफलता का प्रवेश द्वार...

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	After formation of India and classifying India in state, <del>formed</del> <del>the state</del> and <del>the state</del> <del>formed</del> 4 types of states existed in India.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Soon demand for formation and reorganisation of state on linguistic basis arose, and therefor in 1948 S.P. Dhar committee was formed who rejected formation of state on linguistic basis.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Next JPV committee formed who again rejected creation of state on linguistic basis.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	then in year 1953 under chairmanship of <del>the</del> <del>the</del> <del>the</del> was formed with K.M Panikar and H.N Kunzu who accepted formation of state on linguistic basis and rejected concept of <u>one state and one language</u> .
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	In 1955, committee submitted its report and new reorganisation of state took place.



Four fold classification of state was done  
way.

A total of ~~21~~<sup>14</sup> state & 6 Union Territory  
was formed.

Classification of MP was done way.

o C.P. Bharat consists of Nagpur, Varanasi  
was given to Maharashtra.

o Whole Part C was assimilated in Madhya Pradesh

o Part B was wholly included in M.P. except  
Sironj tehsil which was made territory  
of Rajasthan.

o Sironj tehsil of Rajasthan was made tehsil  
of Vidisha.

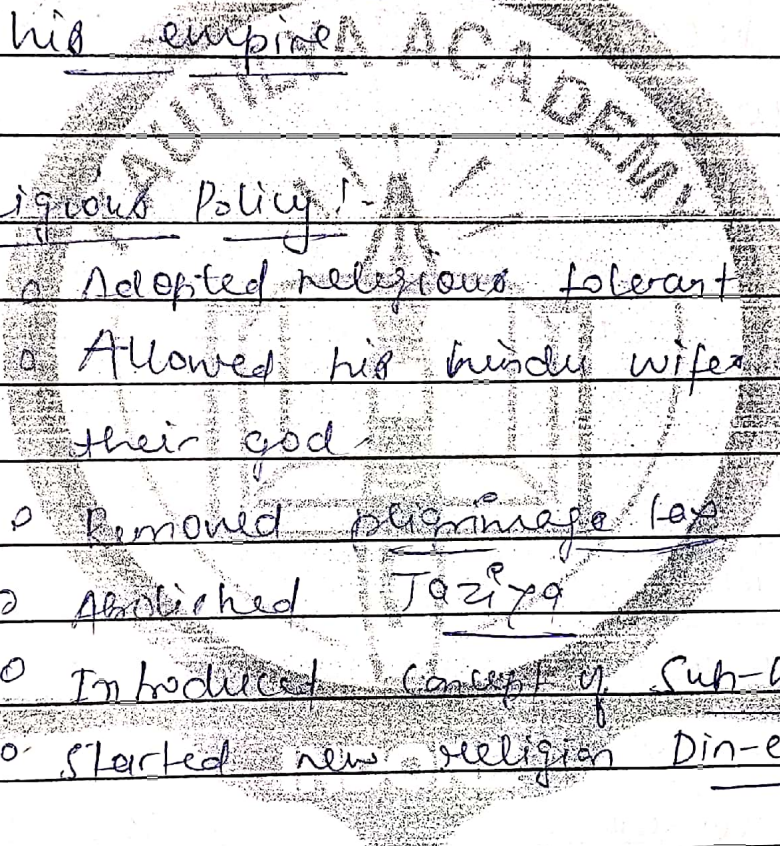
this was present M.P. was formed







- Fourth Numerious war and won.
- Adopted policy of treaty defeated enemy with dignity
- Recruit people from different region without any distinction.
- Adopted Matrimonial alliance to expand



Religious Policy:-

- Adopted religious tolerant policy
- Allowed his Hindu wives to worship their god.
- Removed poll tax
- Abolished Jizya
- Introduced concept of Sub-kut
- Started new religion Din-e-Ilahi

Economy

- took major step to promote and expand agriculture.
- Trade with west and Central Asia
- Many craft like building Banking weapon, shield flourished during his reign



Cultural :-

o Played important role in promotion of culture, arts, music.

o Many literature was translated in Persian

o Important poet, singer like Tansen, Faizi, Abdul Rahim Khan-e-Khana were his court poet.

o He himself was well versed with music.

o Took step to promote education.

All these step not only helped him to expand his empire, but also helped him to place himself at the heart of people that why he is called Emperor of emperor.



2 B

Treaty of Versailles was signed between Allied Nations and Germany in 28 June, 1919

In this treaty, entire blame of war was put on Germany.

- Terms of Treaty were humiliating like,
- Paying war indemnity to Damage caused
  - Demilitarize zone creation
  - Limiting strength of Army
  - Colonies freed up from Germany and distributed between France & U.K.

All these humiliating terms developed a sense of hatred and revenge in Germans. All they waited for a capable leader who could guide them towards fight and they found it in the name of Adolf Hitler, who promoted Narrow Nationalism and started WWII.



2	C	Buddhism was founded by Gautam Buddha was born in 563 B.C in Lumbini
		His major teachings were:-
		① World is full of sorrows
		② There are causes of sorrow
		③ These sorrows can be eliminated
		④ <u>Ashtangik Marg</u>
		→ Asked his disciples to take 5 vows
		○ Do not <del>not</del> <del>select</del> speak truth. Non-violence
		○ Do not kill life
		○ Do not acquire property of other
		○ Do not take intoxicant drinks
		○ <del>Non</del> Do not indulge in <u>corrupt practices</u>
		○ He proposed "Middle Path" to avoid extreme of luxury or <del>also</del> <del>astute</del>
		He was practical reformer who attached himself to worldly problem, his teaching helped in reducing inequality that existed in society, reduces war, promoted and created better society where everyone can live in <u>harmony</u>



2	D	<p>Rajput were major claim that mostly ruled western and North western and central part of india</p>
		<p>There are many causes of fall of Rajput of which <u>feudalism</u> was <u>prominent one</u> =&gt;</p>
		<p>o Rajputs do not maintain <sup>large</sup> standing army and mostly relied on their <u>feudatories</u> for <u>supply of Army and soldier</u></p>
		<p>o These <u>feudatory Army</u> was <u>more loyal</u> to his <u>chief</u> rather than <u>Ruler</u></p>
		<p>o Once <u>feudatory</u> <u>chief</u> became strong enough, he used to <u>challenge</u> <u>authority</u> of <u>king</u> and declare himself <u>independent</u></p>
		<p>o Sometime, <u>internal</u> <u>rivalry</u> among Rajput rulers also helped <u>feudatory</u> to <u>claim</u> <u>independence</u></p>
		<p>o Many times they supported <u>opposite party</u> and <u>betrayed</u> <u>rulers</u>.</p>
		<p>All these major cause of <u>fall of Rajput</u></p>



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2	F	Akbar was very <u>intelligent</u> and <u>benevolent</u> rulers that ruled over <u>indian subcontinent</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			He adopted various policy in india to expand his empire like <u>Matrimonial Alliance</u> , <u>Religious Tolerance</u> , <u>benevolence</u> toward <u>defeated Rulers</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			<u>Policy towards Rajputs</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			o <u>Matrimonial Alliance</u> with <u>Rajput Ruler</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			o <u>Treaty</u> <u>defeated Rajput Ruler</u> with <u>dignity</u> and <u>for giving Mansab</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			o <u>Many Rajput rulers</u> like <u>Man Singh</u> , <u>Raja Bharmal</u> obtained <u>High Mansabani</u> rank in his court
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			o <u>Many Rajput warrior</u> included in his <u>army</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			o <u>Allowed rajput wife</u> to <u>follow their religion</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			At these steps helped him <u>greatly</u> in <u>expanding</u> his <u>empire</u> and <u>making</u> <u>Rajput</u> his <u>permanent ally</u>



2	4	Expulsion of Money refers to part of <u>National</u> income that is not available to use for <u>India</u> .
		It is also called <u>Drain of wealth</u>
		<u>Sources of Expulsion of Money</u> :-
		o Revenue of Bengal, Bihar, Orissa
		o Salaries and payment to British officer
		o Bribes given to Britishers officials.
		<u>Effect</u>
		o They used the money to <u>finance their</u> export from <u>India</u>
		o send money to their home country
		o Do not utilized in <u>development of India</u>
		o Increased <u>poverty and cases of famine</u> in <u>India</u>
		o Britain was <u>flourishing with money</u> earned by <u>Indians</u> for which <u>Indians</u> got no benefit.
		It was <u>estimated</u> that <u>expulsion of money</u> during <u>19th Century</u> was <u>11% of National</u> <u>income</u>







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2	J	Revolution of 1857 which was started as
		Sepoy Mutiny reached M.P a month later
		on <u>3 June, 1857</u> .
		Various leaders from different part of M.P took
		active part in struggle :-
		→ <u>Neeruch</u> - Military revolted and killed officer
		→ <u>Nana Sahab &amp; Tatya Tope</u> started revolt in <u>Kanpur</u>
		and his followers spread message of
		Nationalism in different part of M.P.
		→ <u>Mhow</u> & <u>Siddet Khan</u> revolted.
		→ <u>Baktiyar Khan</u> & <u>Amjhera</u> revolted
		→ <u>Rani Avantibai</u> revolted in <u>Raigarh</u> along
		with her companion defeated <u>Bardan</u> .
		o <u>Rani Laxmibai</u> along with her companion
		<u>Thalkori Bai</u> revolted in <u>Gwalior-Kalpi</u>
		o fought with <u>Huge Rose</u> .
		Although these <u>revolts</u> were <u>suppressed</u> but they



played a very important part in spreading spirit of Nationalism and paving path for future movement.

2 Jainism was founded by Mahavir Swami and M.P. is an important pilgrimage site of Jain Religion

Jain Pilgrimage sites

- ① Bawangaj - Badwan
- ② Pushpagiri - Dewar
- ③ Gomtigin - Indore
- ④ Mukhtigin - Betul.
- ⑤ Mangalgin - sagor.

These sites serves dual purpose for M.P, firstly promoting tourism and secondly provide livelihood opportunity



2	A	Napolean Bonaparte was <u>Dictator</u> who <del>ascend</del> occupy power after remove <u>Directory</u> .
		He was called " <u>Man of destiny</u> " which can be attributed to following incident:-
		o He was born in an island which was occupied by French just before his birth, therefore make him <u>French citizen</u> .
		o He was sent to Egypt during military expedition where almost all <u>soldier died</u> except him and few other.
		o Egypt expedition also helped him to get <u>knowledge of various western thought and</u> <u>philosophy</u> and allowed him to show his <u>military skills</u> .
		o During Reign of Terror, major <u>top Military officers</u> were <u>executed</u> , allowed Napoleon to rise to <u>power</u> .
		o Directory, which assumed power depend on












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1		<u>Alkaline Soil</u>
		→ Soil which is more <u>basic</u> than Normal.
		→ Found in Region of <u>Heavy Rainfall</u>
		→ <u>Gypsum</u> is used to reduced <u>Alkalinity</u>
	B	<u>Shiwalay Plateau</u>
		→ Found in North east part of India in <u>Meghalaya</u>
		→ <u>Consist of Garo, Khasi, Jaintia hills</u>
		→ <u>extension of Central India Plateau</u>
		
1	C	<u>Benefit of earthquake</u>
		→ Helps in <u>Making soil fertile</u>
		→ Allow <u>nutrients to deposit evenly</u> .
		→ <u>Pushes land apart allow vegetation flourish</u>
	D	<u>High latitude</u>
		→ <u>Subtropical high pressure belt between 30-35°N &amp; S</u>
		→ Area of <u>high pressure</u> , and <u>low precipitation</u> and <u>cloud formation</u>
		→ Result of <u>Hardly cell</u>



1	F	<u>Bereavement of Bengal</u>
		Damodar → <del>Kosi</del> is called Bereavement of Bengal
		→ Causes flood in <u>Rainy season</u> .
		- Now <u>Damodar River Valley Project</u> created
		which prevent: <u>flooding</u>
1	G	→ Region of <u>Western MP</u> receive <u>Rainfall &lt; 75 cm</u>
		→ <u>Neemuch</u>
		→ <u>Mandlaur</u>
		→ <u>Shabua</u>
1	H	→ BHEL acronym for <u>Bhopal Heavy Electrical Limited</u>
		→ Established 1965, <del>at</del> <u>Bhopal</u>
		→ Important government PSU deals with <u>heavy machinery manufacturing</u>
1	I	→ Project constructed on <u>Bawarhadi River</u>
		→ Also called <u>Rajiv Sagar Pariplojan</u>
		→ Location: <u>Mandla</u>
1	H	→ Major Coalfield region lies in <u>eastern MP</u>
		→ Location: <u>Shahdol</u>
		→ <u>Coal bed Methane</u> found here.



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1	K	→ operation started to increase milk production in India → By <u>Verghese Kurien</u>
		→ Year 1970 from Gujarat
1	L	→ Tea → Coffee
		→ Sugarcane
1	M	→ Western M.P. (Neemuch, Mandla, Jabua) → Rajasthan (Badmer, Jaisalmer)
		→ Maharashtra (Vidharb Region)
1	N	An act to provide <u>legal framework</u> to <u>combat</u> <u>disaster in India</u>
		→ Passed in 2005
		→ Led to formation of <u>NDMA</u> & <u>NDRF</u>
1	O	Quality and standard of water determined by <u>amount of dissolved content</u> in it.
		→ Calculated by <u>Total dissolved salt content</u>
		→ <u>300 mg/L to 500 mg/L</u> permissible



3	A	M.P being centrally located provide ample opportunities for development of <u>Industries</u>
		Firstly, it is a <u>Factors</u>
		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">↓ Infrastructure</div> <div style="text-align: center;">↓ Connectivity</div> <div style="text-align: center;">↓ Productivity</div> <div style="text-align: center;">↓ Government Initiative</div> </div>
		<u>Infrastructure</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o cheap availability of land</li> <li>o 8 Mega Food Parks 5 To promote food processing industries</li> <li>o 5 Export Zone</li> <li>o Vibrant industrial base</li> </ul>
		<u>Connectivity</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Centrally located</li> <li>o Major Network Railway Network passes through it</li> <li>o Connectivity to major port</li> <li>o dense network of Rail and Road within state</li> </ul>
		<u>Productivity</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Minerals resource endowment           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ 1<sup>st</sup> in production of Diamond, pyrolite, slate</li> <li>→ 3<sup>rd</sup> in production of limestone, Magnese</li> <li>→ 4<sup>th</sup> in gold</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



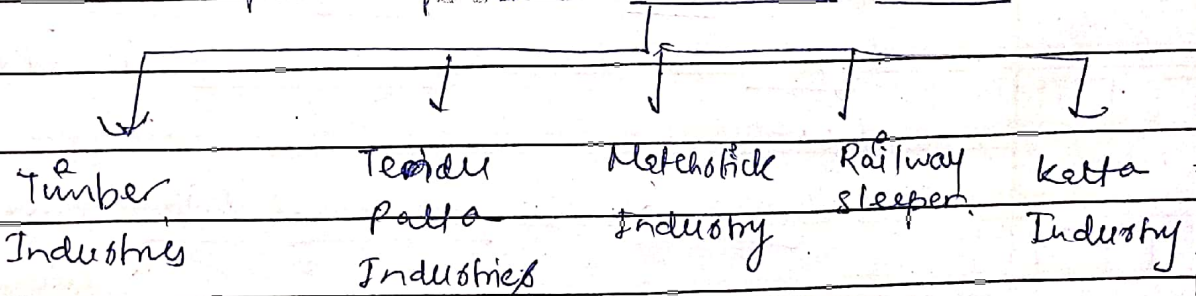
Major crop producing region in india

- Gram production - 1st
- Soyabean - 1st
- Pulses - 1st
- wheat - 2nd

Government initiative

- o setup dedicated portal for investors to submit proposal and obtain permission -
- o Auto renewal of "consent to operate" certificate
- o single PD for all state taxes
- o subsidize cost for MSMEs and industries

Also, MP has thick forest cover, Highest in india which account for 25.34% according to latest forest survey which provided for development of forest based industries



Important industrial Centre

- o Pitampur
- o D.R. Talwar







<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	§ Particularly vulnerable tribe of M.P are
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Baiga
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Bhatiyar
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	- Sahariya
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Major characteristics of tribe of M.P
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ High MMR
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ High IMR
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ low level of literacy
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Geographical isolation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Primitive Agricultural techniques
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Stagnating population
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	These tribe are expert in <u>Herbs</u> and <u>Medicinal</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Knowledge</u> , making use of <u>Minor Forest</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Product</u> .
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other <u>Tribe</u> of M.P
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Agharia
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Banjarar
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Panika
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Badiya
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Bhatiya







3	D	<del>Cyclone refers to high tides that generated by water bodies due to huge displacement of water which moves towards seashore and causes widespread loss of life and property.</del>
		type
3	D	Cyclone are region of low pressure zone surrounded by region of high pressure zone where air revolves at high velocity in swirling motion.
		Tropical cyclone generally originate at tropics between $0-30^{\circ}$ N and south of equator.
		Condition for Tropical cyclone to take place:-
		(1) Mean sea surface Temperature $\geq 27^{\circ}\text{C}$
		(2) Presence of <u>coriolis force</u>
		(3) Small variation in vertical wind speed
		(4) Pre-existence of <u>low pressure zone</u>



Effects

- Cyclones causes wide spread loss of life and property.
- Devastate everything in its path include tree, crop, building etc.
- Cause Food insecurity as it damages crop.
- Cutoff communication lines, therefore makes it difficult to communicate with affected people.
- Contaminate water supply causes chances of disease.

Measure

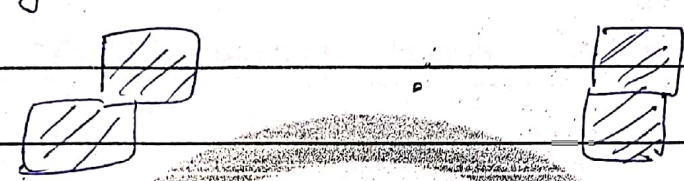
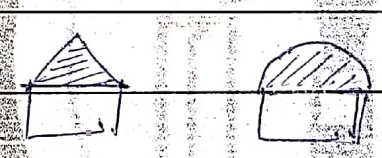
◦ Structural

→

- Building with strong foundation
- Large opening on walls and doors should be avoided.

→ Avoid construction of window just below roof



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ use of <u>mirror</u> in <u>window</u> and <u>door</u> should be avoided.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ layout should be symmetry.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(Not suitable) (suitable)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Roof</u> design should be carefully chosen
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(Not suitable) (suitable)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ strong locking Mechanism in door & window.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Non-structural Measure</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Disaster Mapping</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Pre disaster Mitigation</u> step should be taken
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Capacity Building</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Afforestation</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Shelter Beds</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ <u>Preservation of Coral reef</u> which reduces its <u>velocity</u>



2	1	<p>Plate tectonic theory was proposed by <u>Alfred Wegener, Parker and Mckenzy</u>.</p>								
		<p>-According to theory <del>earth</del> world is made up of 7 <u>Major</u> and many <u>Minor</u> plate, continuous interaction, movement, collision of these plates result in many activities;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Flood</li> <li>o Earthquake</li> <li>o Mountain Building etc.</li> </ul>								
		<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;"><u>Major Plate example</u></td> <td style="width: 50%;"><u>Minor Plate Example</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>o Eurasia Plate</td> <td>o Hawaii Plate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>o African Plate</td> <td>o Phillipians Plate</td> </tr> <tr> <td>o American Plate</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	<u>Major Plate example</u>	<u>Minor Plate Example</u>	o Eurasia Plate	o Hawaii Plate	o African Plate	o Phillipians Plate	o American Plate	
<u>Major Plate example</u>	<u>Minor Plate Example</u>									
o Eurasia Plate	o Hawaii Plate									
o African Plate	o Phillipians Plate									
o American Plate										
		<p><u>Evidence in favour of Plate Tectonic</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o Presence of Rock of same age on both side of ocean.</li> <li>o structure of continent matches with others (zig-saw fit Pattern)</li> </ul>								
		<p>This Plate tectonic theory helped in <u>explaining many phenomena</u> that we <u>experience today</u></p>								







मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

प्रश्न संख्या

2	C	Large North Plain of India are formed by interplay of 3 major River system.
		o the Ganga
		o the Brahmaputra
		o the Indus
		This Great Northern Plain is of immense importance to economy of India
		o Provide deep fertile soil for cultivation
		o Provide plain land for setting industries and settling human, mostly densely populated region in India
		o Provide water for drinking
		o Many pilgrimages located on its bank, therefore promote tourism.
		o Water sport and Adventure sport tourism
		o Development of Inland <sup>Waterway</sup> Navigation system
		o <del>WH-1</del> 15 - Allahabad - Haldia
		o WH-2 3 - Sadia - Dibrui
		lie in Ganga and Brahmaputra Plain



2 E

Landslide is mass movement of solid, liquid, mud, stone particles down the slope under force of self gravity

Causes :-

- Deforestation
- Building along hill slope
- Restricting Natural flow of water
- Weak foundation
- Upliftation

Measures

- Afforestation
- Cropping so that soil binds it to land
- Be Prohibiting building house on hill slope

- Building with strong foundation on hilly area should be made
- Prevent siltation in water bodies
- Retention wall along hilly roads

All such measures helps in reducing the impact and occurrence of earthquake.



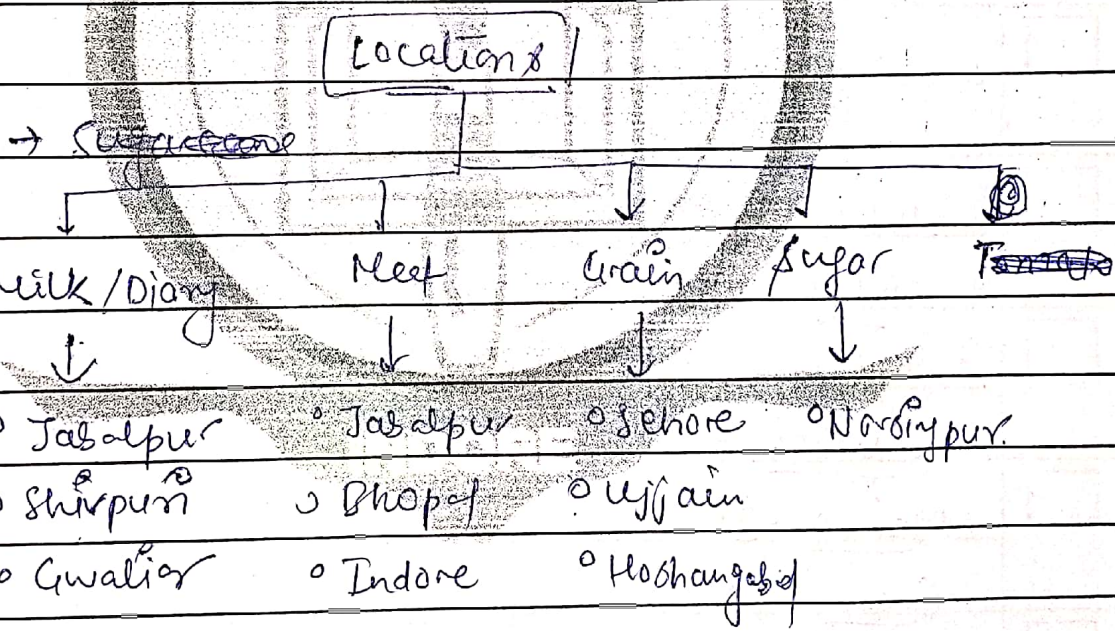




2 4

Food processing refer to conversion of raw  
of raw material into more valuable  
product through series of industrial  
process

M.P due to vast climate and soil type,  
presence of 11 Agro climatic zone and  
5 crop zone provide vibrant base for  
setting industries



M.P has total 8 Mega Food Parks and 5 Agri export  
Zone, which can be attributed to its the  
support of government and agricultural  
attainment of state



मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
(Mains Answer Sheet)

प्रश्न  
संख्या

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M.P is primarily an <sup>agrarian</sup> <u>agrarian economy</u> with more than <u>72%</u> population <u>residing in</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Rural area.</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Agriculture contribute to <u>20-25%</u> of <u>state GDP.</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ It provide employment to majority of rural population in <u>form and non-form activities.</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	M.P is self sufficient in <u>Production of many</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Foodgrain</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Position of M.P in Crop</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>wheat - 2<sup>nd</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Rice - 6<sup>th</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Pulses - 1<sup>st</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Soyabean - 1<sup>st</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Maize - 1<sup>st</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Gram - 1<sup>st</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Linseed - 1<sup>st</sup></u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Agriculture in M.P also provide for establishment of <u>Food processing industries</u> in M.P
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	



2 J

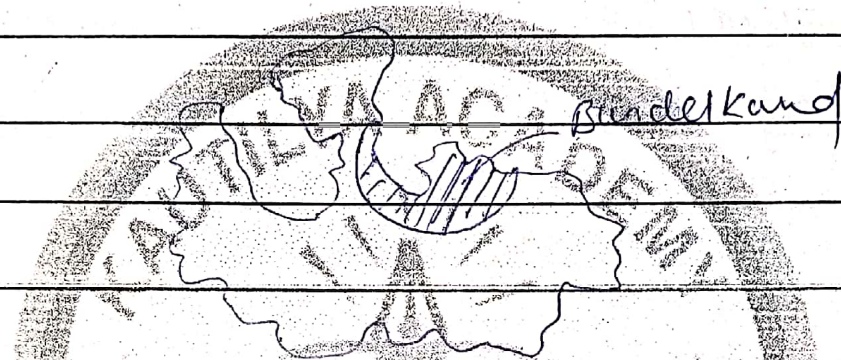
Bundelkhand Plateau

Location → North-eastern M.P

Area → 7.7%

soil | Mixed soil

Rainfall : 100-125 cm



Economic importance

→ Made lies in Bijapur Series

→ Diamond producing region (only 1 in India)

→ Many important forest based industries located here.

→ Industrial Centre

→ Puraina - Panna

→ Bhataprahar - Niwari

→ Chandrapur - Chhatarpur.

→ Important tourist site lie here

→ Orreha

→ Panna.

→ Promote tourism and economy of M.P



प्रश्न  
 संख्या

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका  
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

2 K

Soil erosion is degradation or depletion of  
uppermost fertile layer of soil.

Types

- Gully erosion
- sheet erosion
- Layer erosion

Causes

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| <u>Manmade</u>                                  | <u>Natural</u> |
| → Deforestation                                 | - Flood        |
| → Expansion of agriculture                      | - Earthquake   |
| → Overexploitation of Natural resource          | - Landslide    |
| → Mining activities                             |                |
| → clearing forest for setting <u>Industries</u> |                |
| → <u>Urbanization</u>                           |                |

So, although soil erosion is caused by both  
 Natural and manmade factor but  
 human factor plays major role which  
 continuously affect its health and make  
soil unfit for cultivation.



2 D

Water is precious and important resource essential for our survival.

However, Recent report of NITI Aayog stated that

21 major city and town will run out of

water by 2020 therefore it is necessary to use water judiciously.

Technique

→ Watershed Management.

↳ Maryadi Pariyojna

↳ Neeru Neeru

↳ DDA & DPAP

→ Rain Water Harvesting technique

→ Precise irrigation technique to reduce water consumption (Kusum, Sprinkle)

→ climate based cropping pattern to reduce overexploitation of ground water.

→ Afforestation to reduce surface runoff

→ Reuse, Reduce, Recycle technique  
~~At such~~

All such measures if we adopt can surely result in magnificent result.