



प्रश्न संख्या

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
(Mains Answer Sheet)

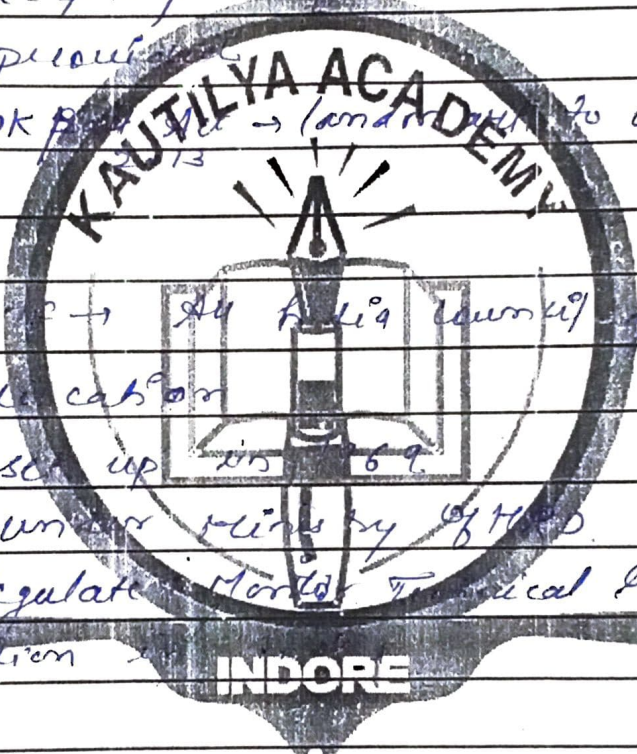
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Part A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	A	Child → according to Census 2011, person between the age of 0-6 years are accounted as child.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	B	AYUSH → Ayurveda, Yoga & Naturopathy, Siddha & Homeopathy. It is a traditional form of Indian medicine. In 2014, Ministry of Ayush was created.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	C	Birth rate Birth rate is the number of people per 1000 live births. Death Rate - No. of people died per 1000 live births.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	$BR = \frac{\text{no. of live births} \times 1000}{\text{total no. of people}}$ $DR = \frac{\text{no. of death} \times 1000}{\text{total no. of people}}$
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	



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1	D	<p>Corruption → Corruption is accepting monetary and ^{or} non monetary benefit from a person by a person in charge of any service (Public/Private) without providing the service. Or accepting benefit in access of benefit provided.</p> <p>↳ Lok Panchayat → (amandments) to curb corruption</p>
1	E	<p>AICTE → All India Council of Technical Education</p> <p>↳ set up in 1969</p> <p>↳ under Ministry of HRD</p> <p>↳ Regulate & Monitor Technical Higher Education</p>
1	F	<p>Bird flu → also known as H5N1</p> <p>↳ Viral disease,</p> <p>↳ zoonotic in nature</p> <p>↳ infect humans - by contact in birds or Remains of it.</p>





1	6	Role of UNESCO → specialized agency of united nation.
		↳ work for preservation, conservation & Restoration of cultural, geological heritage of history, landmark for any phase of history.
		↳ UNESCO world heritage sites to monuments etc.
1	4	WHO → World Health Organization
		↳ set up on 7 April 1945
		↳ HQ - Geneva Switzerland
		↳ Cooperation & coordination in health & related matters globally.
1	1	Labour division → distribution of work among labours via assigning within different portfolios.
		↳ Achieve Efficiency & Economy in work
1	3	Active Immunization → To investigate immune response in body via transmitting active (attenuated) antigen. (Virus, Bacteria's strain)

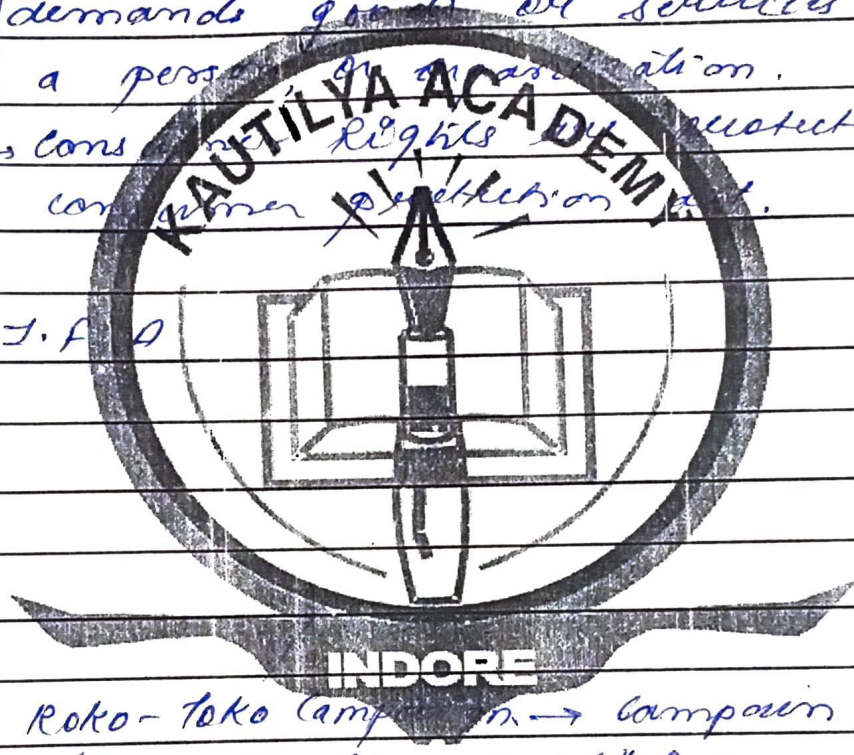
(Virus, Bacteria's strain)



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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	into human body. Eg. Injected polio vaccine
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
1	K	Consumer → person who acquires or demands goods or services from a person or an association. Consumer rights protected under consumer protection act.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
1	L	J.F.D
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
1	07.	Roko-Toko Campaign → Campaign under Swachh Bharat Mission. Awariness drive Amitabh Bachchan - Brand Ambassador
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	





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1 N

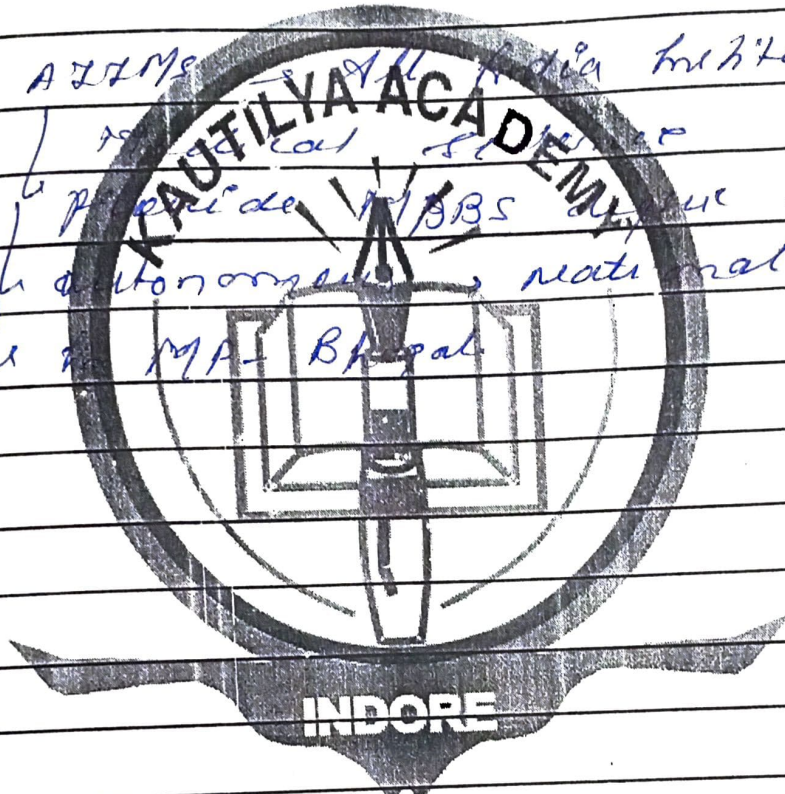
Composite Education Commission -

Commission proposed to look for complete cycle of Education including schooling, higher Education, Technical Education, vocation Education.

2 0

AIIMS All India Institute of

- Aspirants
- provide MBBS students
- Autonomous, National Institute
- MP - Bhopal





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2	B.	Constitution provided many provision for protection & advancement of women
		(*) Art 14 - Right to Equality among men & women.
		(*) Art 15 - Right against discrimination on basis of sex
		(*) Art 16 - Right to equal opportunity Exception - can make special reservation for women advancement
		(*) Art 19 - Right to freedom of speech, expression & movement
		(*) Art 20 - Right to equality before law
		(*) Art 39 d - Equal pay for equal work (*) Art 39 e - Strength of women & child
		(*) Art 44 - Uniform civil code
		(*) Art 42 - Maternity Benefit
		(*) Art 51 (d) - respect dignity of women (*) Art 243 - 33% reservation in PRT
		(*) Art 325 - Equal Right to vote



2 C

failure of ST (Prevention of Atrocities Act) 1989.

↳ Lesser rate of conviction among filed cases

↳ collusion between police or other authorities

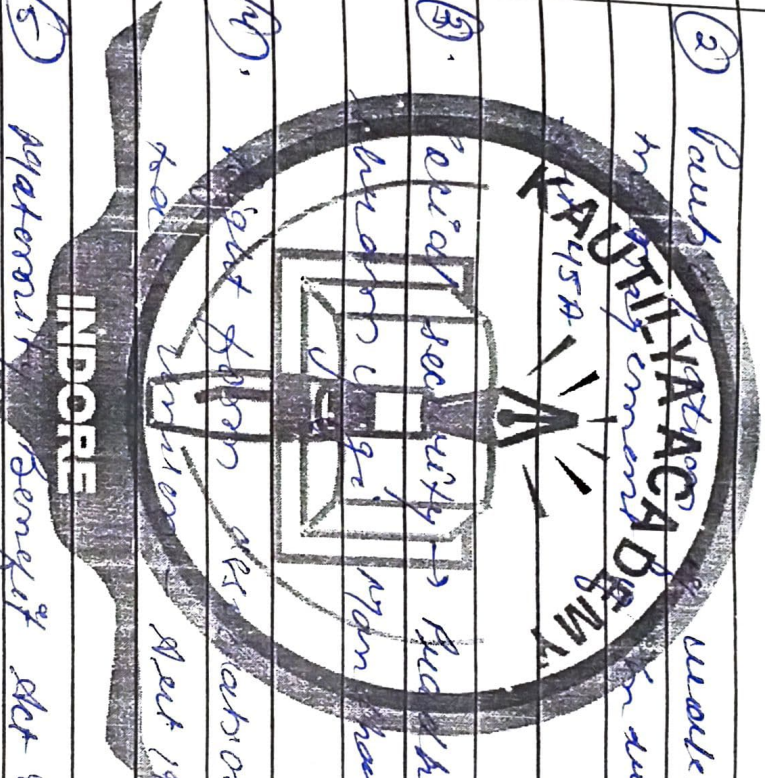
↳ intimidated & harassed persons to file complaints against upper class members

↳ ill-treatment & denial of legal aid to family members of person filing complaints

↳ Lack of coordination & awareness among STs & act

↳ Lack knowledge of their rights & provision for them.

प्रश्न संख्या	उत्तर
2	Provision for labour welfare
1	Equal pay for equal work ↳ Equal wages Act ↳ PSP - Act 39 (A).
2	Labour Provisions for workers among the employees
3	Social security - Accident benefits bonus, gratuity, provident fund, etc.
4	Welfare provisions - like for workers - Act 191.
5	Agreement of Bengal Act 2017 - 26 weeks paid leave maternal leave
6	Abolition of Bonded Labour
7	Qualification of contractual labour.
8	Payment of wages Act 1946.





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2 P

Maternal Mortality surmons

↳ Janani Express → Emergency transport service to pregnant women + connect surmons area to health facility

↳ Janani Shiksha to provide iron folic acid tablet to women → counter Anaemia praemia cases

↳ Late Abortion → prevent child marriage & early pregnancy

↳ ~~Janani Shiksha~~ iron folic acid tablet by anganwadis

↳



2 6

WTO - World Trade Organization
Successor of GATT, formed in
Uruguay rounds.

□ □

Launched in WTO working

□ □

(1) Failure to build consensus among
developed & developing countries
subsidies in agriculture

□ □

□ □

(2) USA & China - Trade Dispute - Showcases
importance of WTO's Dispute Mediation
role

□ □

□ □

(3) Dispute among developed and developing
on trade liberalization to TPP, Trade
etc.

□ □

□ □

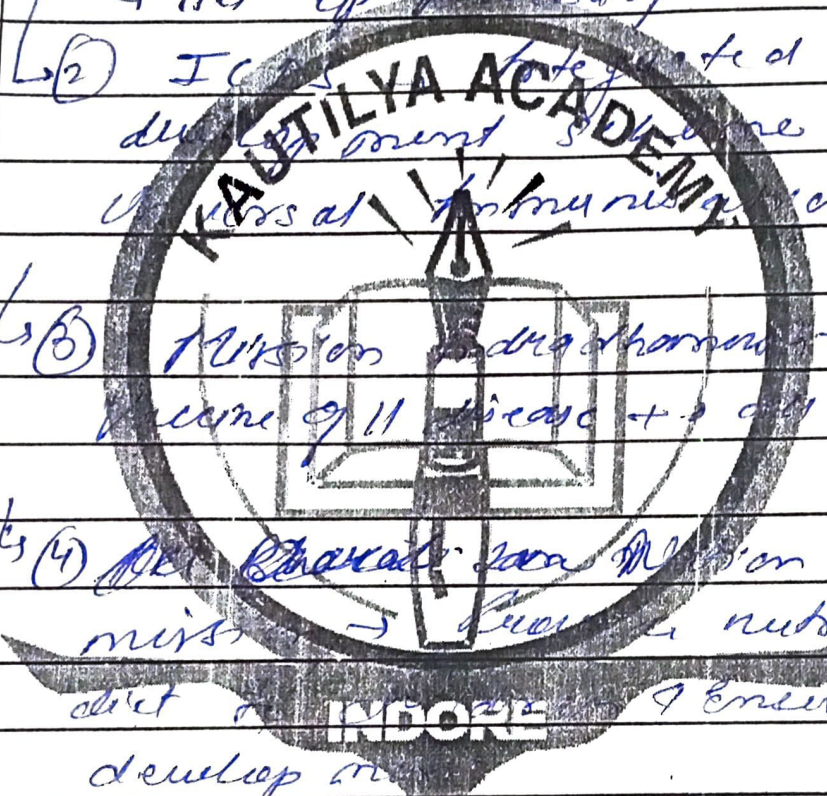
(4) Trade tension between India & USA
like US Generalized system of Preferences
dispute between India & Australia
on dairy product

□ □

□ □

(5) Rise of Regional Economic Partnership
like RCEP, ASEAN to bypass WTO

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Health & prevention programs
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (1) PM Jan Arogya Yojana → ↳ provides health insurance to ↳ 50 crore people ↳ set up primary health centres
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (2) ICDS integrated with district level schemes → includes universal immunisation programme
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (3) Mission Indradhanu → provides vaccine of 11 disease + 9 children
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (4) Mission Shakti → Mission Nutrition miss → focus on nutritional diet & ensure healthy develop m
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (5) Swachh Bharat → to maintain hygiene & health & prevent disease from spreading
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ (6) Pulse Polio Program - 1995 - oral vaccine to control poli'o





Causes of Malnutrition

(1) Social → women - gender disparity
↳ East last & least
↳ children - intergenerational transfer of poverty & hunger

(2) Economic → aggravated due to
leakages & corruption & insufficiently
↳ 2% BPL population - 75% under
malnutrition

(3) Infrastructural - drinking water set up.

(4) Lack of access safe & clean drinking water

(5) Low awareness among mother on nutritional needs of child

(6) Lack of Breastfeeding of recommended 6 months

(7) Obesity in Urban areas - due to nutrition mismatch



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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Health program for women
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(1) Janani shiksha suraksha karyakram ↳ free delivery ↳ free medical aid & check up
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(2) Janani Suraksha Yojna is financial incentive for institutional delivery
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(3) Janani Suraksha Yojna → to save lives to prevent pregnant women for maternal & post delivery needs
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(4) Maternity Benefit Amendment Act 2017 → 6 weeks paid leave
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(5) Poshan Abhiyan → Iron folic acid to women to prevent anaemia
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(6) National Health Mission → ASHA workers incentivized for institutional delivery.



3	A	<p>Malnutrition → is according to <u>WHO</u>, malnutrition is the <u>excess</u> <u>deficiency</u> or <u>imbalance</u> of <u>nutrition</u> <u>content</u> in a <u>person's</u> <u>body</u>.</p>
		<p>Malnutrition leads to various health problems like <u>starving</u>, <u>wasting</u>, <u>underweight</u>, <u>obesity</u>, <u>anaemia</u> etc.</p>
		<p><u>Causes of malnutrition.</u></p>
		<p><u>Some causes among women</u> → due to <u>gender parity</u> (EAT LAST & LEAST)</p>
		<p>★ <u>Presence</u> of <u>malnutrition</u> & <u>dietary</u> <u>intake</u> <u>during</u> <u>pregnancy</u></p>
		<p>★ <u>More</u> <u>than</u> <u>50%</u> of <u>women</u> <u>anaemic</u>.</p>
		<p><u>Among children,</u></p>
		<p>★ <u>Intergenerational</u> <u>transfer</u> of <u>poverty</u>, <u>disparity</u> & <u>hence</u> <u>malnutrition</u>.</p>
		<p>★ <u>India</u> & <u>Nigeria</u> <u>together</u> <u>account</u></p>
		<p>→ <u>33%</u> of <u>malnutrition</u> <u>cases</u></p>
		<p>★ <u>Female</u> <u>among</u>, <u>those</u> <u>belong</u> <u>to</u> <u>SC</u>, <u>ST</u>.</p>



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Economic Cause</u>
		↳ 22% of Indian are Below poverty line (WHO).
		↳ Around 50% of malnourished belong to Below poverty line
		↳ Less surplus left to fulfill dietary needs
		↳ <u>Environment</u> → <u>Hygiene</u> setting like slums
		↳ Impure water & dietary intake
		↳ Lack of hygiene & sanitation
		↳ <u>Individual</u> habits
		<u>Educational</u> → <u>Low</u> to <u>warden</u> illiteracy
		↳ <u>Change</u> → <u>Behavioral</u> & <u>sanitation</u> lacking.
		↳ Unaware about proper dietary intake (obesity → Urban areas).
		<u>Consequences</u> → →
		① India accounts of 29% of <u>stunting</u> (low height for age) among children result of malnutrition



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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(2) that leads to wasting among 38% of Indian children (NFHS-IV)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(3) 53% of women are anaemic in India due to lack of nutrition (NFHS-IV)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(4) 36% of children under five years of age
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(5) A study shows the lack of Education & mental ability among children affected by malnourishment
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(6) A big ^{big} block ^{block} on demographic dividend of country → Malnourished disrupts ^{disrupts} Efficiency & Skill of workforce.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	To become "human capital of world" by the India needs to cater the nutritional needs of its population.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	National nutritional Mission, PDS Midday meal scheme are some of the appreciable govt. efforts.



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3	B	Migrant workers are 'peepal' people moved from origin place in search of work and livelihood. Sectors like, construction, Agriculture, transport etc. are big host of migrant workers.
		1. Problem of migrant workers
		(1) Social Issue
		(1) Discrimination Issue / social → of face social hatred & caste with treatment at destination place
		• discrimination per se
		•
		(2) Economic Issue
		→ women - wage gap for same work compared to men.
		→ nutritional & dietary needs not fulfilled.
		(3) Education
		↳ children of migrants - account for high drop out rate.



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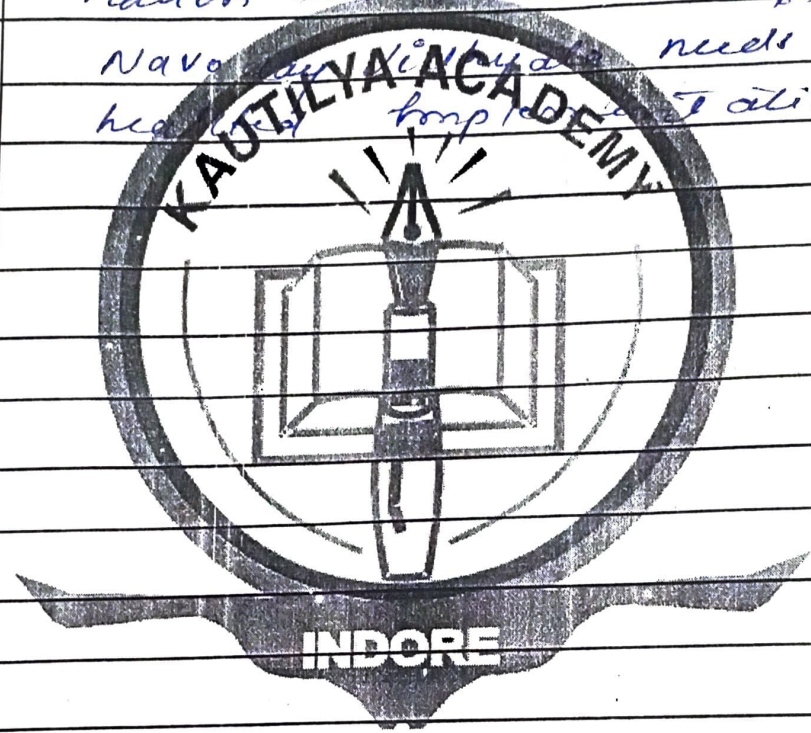
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(4) Policy lacunae ↳ Eg can't avail various social security schemes of govt like
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Public distribution system
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ among SC category in 1 state but not in other Eg Jat
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(5) Health Issue → govt by live in
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ outskirts of city
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ unhygienic & poor condition
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ lack access to water & sanitation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(6) Cultural Issue -
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ linguistic barrier language -
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ being a common cultural gap with
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Tradition customs are bound to be left at origin.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(7) security Issue -
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ face hatred & attacks by localised
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Racial & caste discrimination
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Eg USA - attack on Indian diaspora

Despite being significant contributor

in GDP, migrants face bundle of issues

Government schemes like one nation one Ration card,

Nava Shiksha needs whole hearted implementation.



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a



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3 D

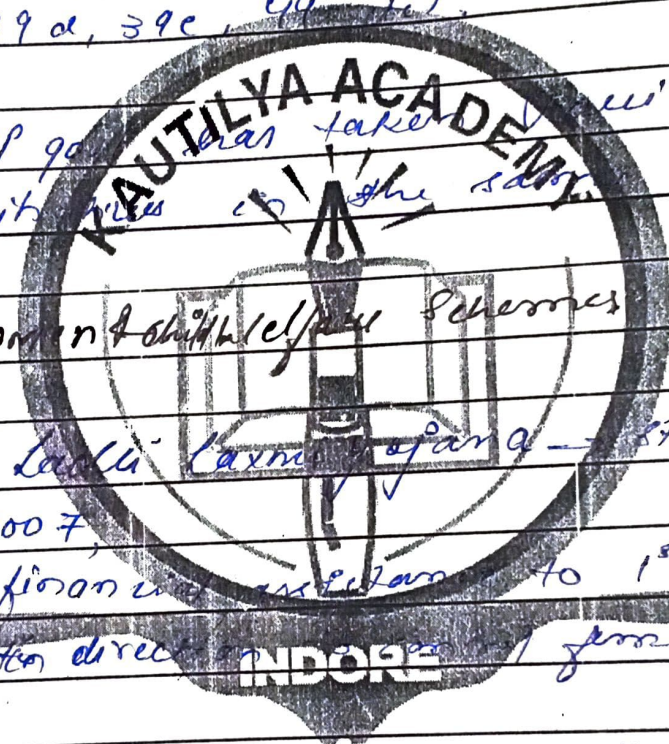
Women and children are accounted among the ~~most~~ weaker section of society and has gained special protection through constitution & legislations (Art 14, 19, 15, 16, 23, 24, 39a, 39c, 44, etc).

MP govt has taken various steps to improve the status of women.

Women & child welfare schemes

① Saksham Kanya Yojana - started in (2007) to provide financial assistance to 1st girl child to direct female infants

② Sukanya Samriddhi Yojana → saving cum financial assistance scheme to give financial assistance for Education & marriage of girl child after 15 years of age.

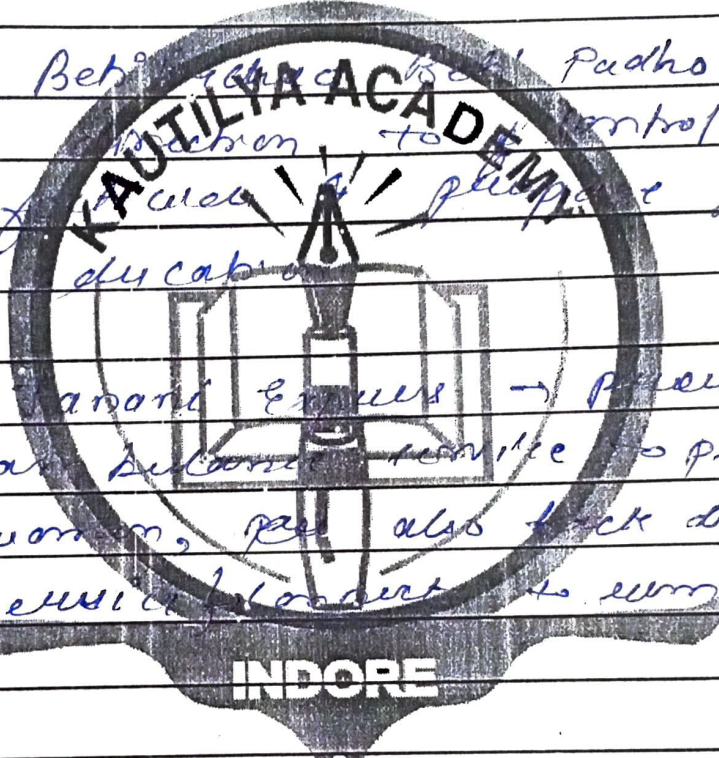




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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(3) Lado Abheyan → to prevent & monitor child marriage in state
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	₹51000 given to 10 people 7 year help control child marriage
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(4) Beti Bachao Beti Padhao → in Rajasthan to control female foeticide & empower girls
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(5) Pradhan Mantri Matru Bhavna Emergency Helpline → provide emergency services to pregnant women, also help drop home delivery to remote areas.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(6)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	





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1	A	Kasturibairgongar Commission ↳ formed for Education Reforms in Indian Education system. ↳ formed in 1986.
1	B	BCG Vaccine ↳ Disinfects from → Person physically or mentally challenged ↳ Dependent on other person for life.
1	C	Disinfects from → Person physically or mentally challenged ↳ Dependent on other person for life.
1	D.	National child health program ↳ launched in 2006. ↳ to counter infant mortality rate ↳ provide free vaccination & nutritional up to 1 year of age.

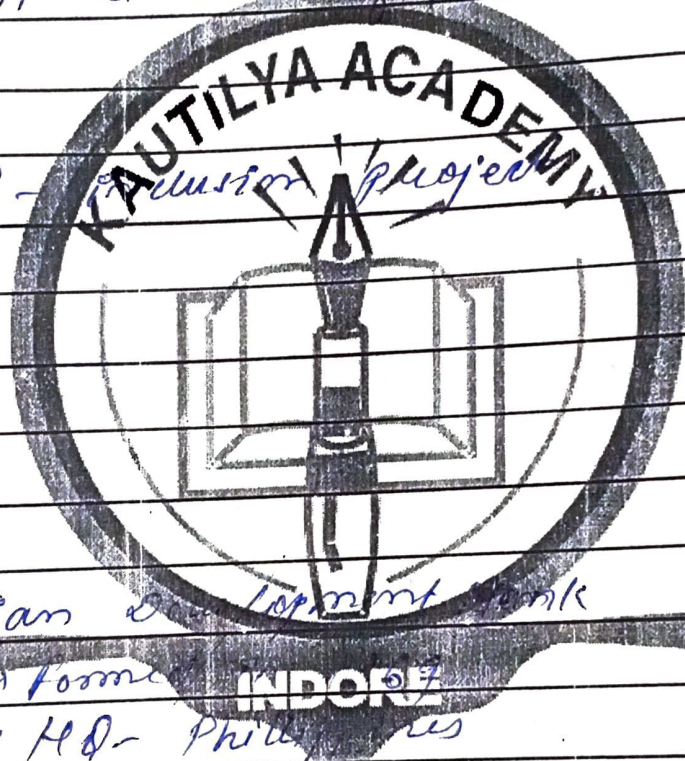


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1	E
1	F
7	G

Fiscal Deficit \rightarrow Deficit between the amount of Expenditure and Income ~~level~~ of an Economy in a particular financial year.
 \rightarrow FRBM Act 2003 - mandate to maintain it at 3% of GDP.



Asian Development Bank
 \rightarrow former **INDORE**
 \rightarrow HQ - Philippines
 \rightarrow give developmental loan infrastructure loans to developing countries in Asia.
 \rightarrow China largest contributor

1
1
1
1



1 H. Infectious disease → Caused due to microbes - Entering in a body.
↳ Communicable disease
↳ may be due to virus or Bacteria
↳ Eg Coronavirus, NIPAH, Zika

1 I. Anatomy → Efficiency of respiratory system of human
↳ Lung capacity of women is 1200 cc
↳ 53% women in India are anaemic

1 B. Mobile medical centres
↳ It is a secondary door to door medical facility
↳ Especially in remote & tribal areas.

1 K. Environmental pollution → presence of undesirable substance in ~~environment~~
Air, water or soil is called
↳ Very Hazardous for human & Nature's health
↳ Environment protection Act 1986
↳ water pollution, noise pollution, Air pollution

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1 L

Public service centre → Facility
 It provides & cater needs of

Public
 It also act as grievance redressal
 desk

1 M

Distance Education It is not
 a kind of education. It
 is a method of education. It is done at home

→ E.g. Open University, IGNOU
 → E.g. Distance Education, Correspondence
 → E.g. Open Universities (IGNOU)

1 N

ICT → Information Technology
 It is a combination of
 Science & Technical Education.

→ Research
 → E.g. IIT Indore

1 O

Skilled Manpower →
 is person able to do perform a
 task proficiently, effectively & efficiently
 in a best possible way & Economy
 Economy in work

↳ ability to perform a task with required
 skills & qualifications

9

A



9 A

Demographic dividend - share of population in 15-59 years of age

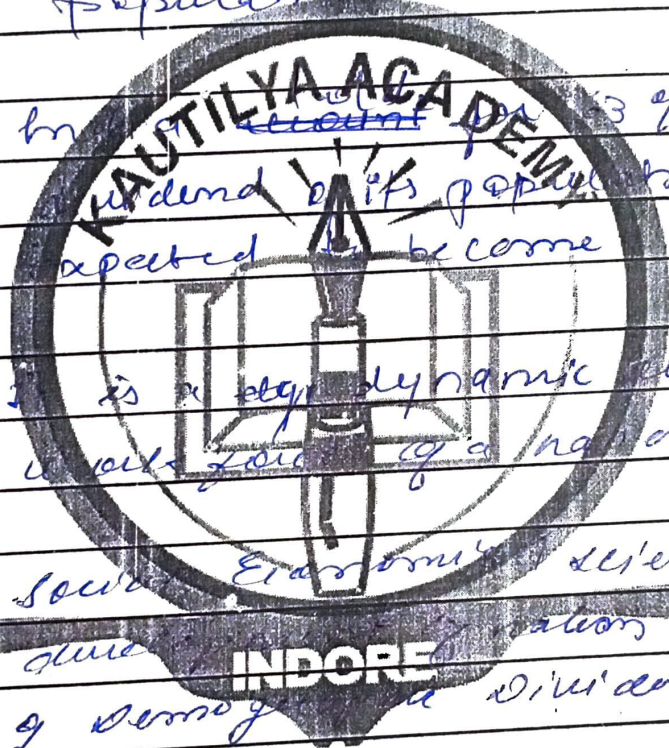
→ It is also known as working population.

→ In India, the share of demographic dividend in its population is expected to become 76.5% by 2030.

→ It is a key dynamic window showcase of the future of a nation.

→ Sound economic & scientific management of demographic dividend.

→ Adequate skill & sufficient employment facility help utilize demographic dividend for economic growth.



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2 B

Vocational Education → It is not

Part of traditional education system

→ It stand for provide knowledge

& skills - Enable self employment

& industry needs

Nee

It is not formal sector
 Only skilled formal sector

work force
 informed outside account for

no help of education
 Thus to make efficient & skillful

is in increasing interest & grab on

INDORE

→ It help them do task with proficiency

↳ It make the comparable at world level

प्रश्न संख्या

2

C

C

C

C

C

C

C

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Distance Education in Covid19
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ school level → Assignment & Project assign to parents of students of Elementary to
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ P + them engage in Studies
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Quality classes conducted at Neighbourhood level
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Five + Be People in per 24 tiers 3
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ It's connects through and to ties & Edu facilities
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Expand geographical traditional Education system
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	we → Digital connectivity still & big burden in remote areas → could not benefit track in the race
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Effect Physical health of children due to online learning
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ socialisation couldn't be possible

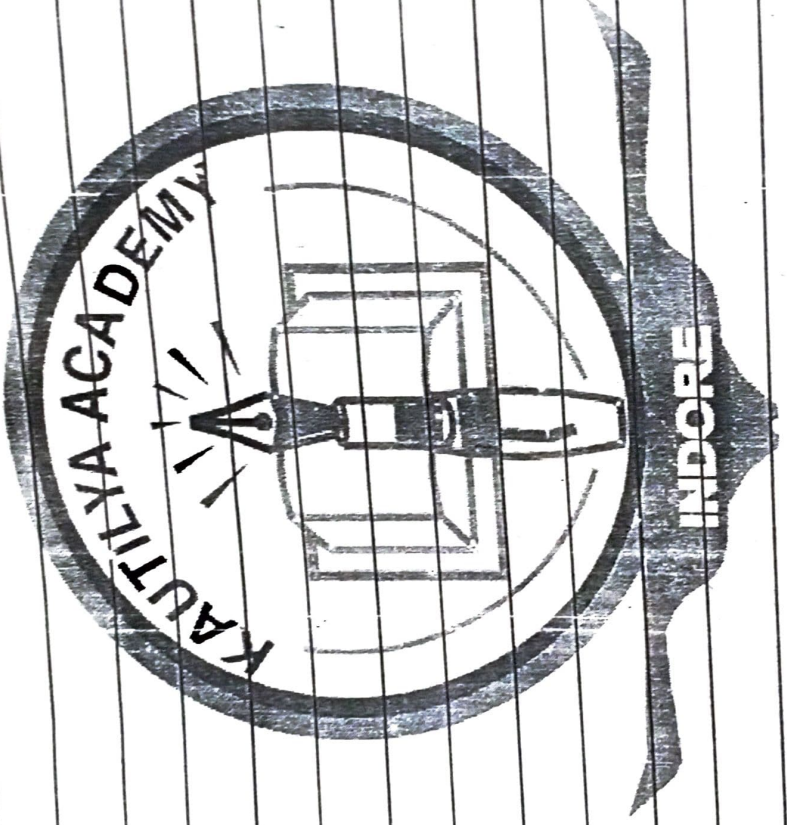
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SARC
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ formed in 1985
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ 18 member states → India, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Maldives, Afghanistan
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ promote cooperation & converge in regional issues of South Asian Region through delegation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ After 2016 US attack - India declined to join annual meet
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ SAFTA → cannot be finalised
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Economic & humanitarian help extended by India during Pandemic
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ It is required to get off the differences through discussion & solve various contentious issue of South Asia.

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2	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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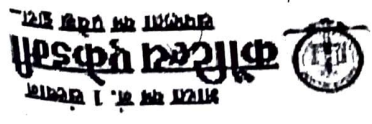
Prevention of Corruption (Amendment) Act



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<p>2</p>	<p>I</p>	<p>Atara Nibhan Banga → self Reward India</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>↳ Bundle of initiatives to taken in Backdrop of covid 19</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Pan demic to revive Economic</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>↳ Revert to experience an expert</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>↳ will gain a para to make in Trainers Campus.</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>↳ for phase of Amecant released for our initiatives</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>INDORE</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>

एक पंक्ति और पंक्ति
(Mains Answer Sheet)

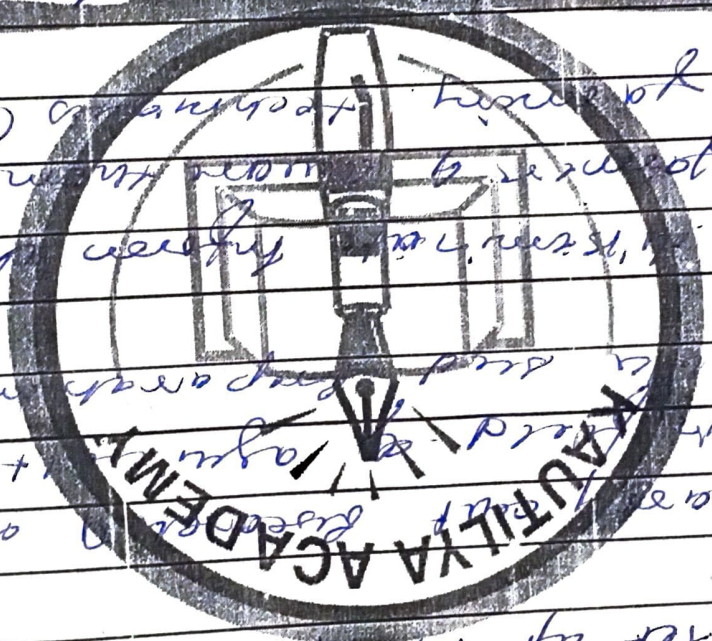


भारत का न. १ शिक्षा
केन्द्रीय बोर्ड
दिल्ली

2 5
ICAR - Indian Council for Agricultural Research
International Agricultural Research
autonomous body under
Ministry of Agriculture

↳ set up in 1957.

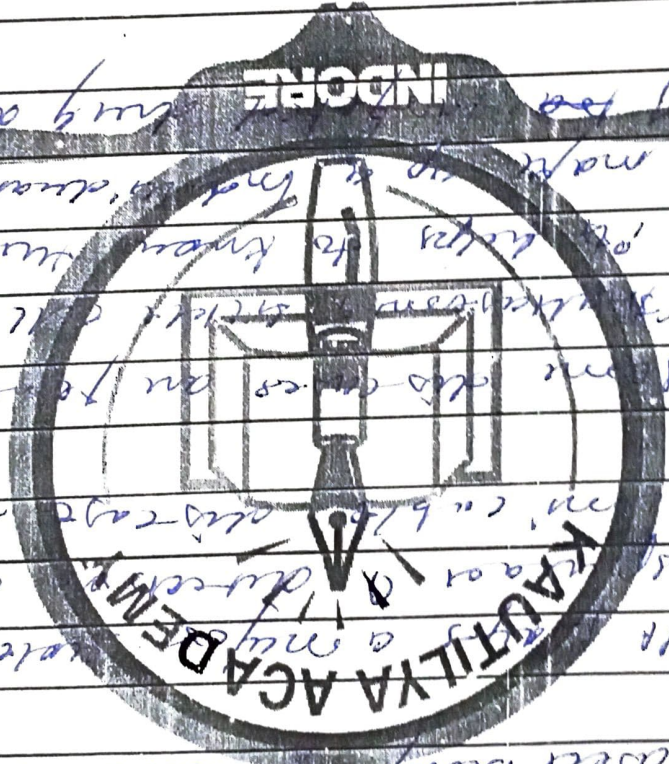
↳ Carries out research and development
in field of agriculture
and preparation of
various agricultural
machines and
instruments
to
assist farmers about
various techniques (methodology)



↳ Make biological interventions
in agriculture to help
in the complex mechanism

↳ set up Kerala Veterinary University
Kisum Math. ↳ in coordination
with 500

Family's health is not just	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
an individual	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
but also its relation with	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
social, environmental & economic	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
well being is determining.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
It is a multi- factorial & complex	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
of comm- m' health like this.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
It is not just the individual of family	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
but also the quality of living	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
It is vital for healthy develop- ment of society. Because family	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
is most basic unit of community	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
& lot more of socialisation of person	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
"Healthy Being leads to Healthy Economy"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

प्रश्न संख्या

2

Vital statistics \rightarrow It is complete information about the Birth & Death counts of a nation

\rightarrow It projection population trends like population growth rate, fertility rate

\rightarrow It susceptible for demographic change in population of a country

\rightarrow Birth rate in 1983/1980

\rightarrow It is conducted during census & also survey

3

प्रश्न संख्या

A

प्रश्न संख्या

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	India contribute 10% of its
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	GDP towards health sector
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	against WHO recommendation
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	of 2.5%
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Government has taken various
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	efforts to improve health
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	at various levels →
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(1) PM JAY - A subcomponent
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	of Ayushman Bharat
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	aim to set up primary health
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	centres
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(2) National Rural Health Mission
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	to improve hospital infrastructure
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	to connect PHC to secondary &
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	tertiary health centres
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	to provide lab & diagnostic
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	facility for Basic Checkup
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	at PHC
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	to increase doctors availability
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	in rural areas



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(3) National Urban Health Mission	<input type="checkbox"/>
		↳ Red doctor to patient ratio	<input type="checkbox"/>
		↳ Lower lifestyle diseases	<input type="checkbox"/>
		↳ among urban populace	<input type="checkbox"/>
		↳ Improve secondary & tertiary	<input type="checkbox"/>
		care infrastructure - compatible	<input type="checkbox"/>
		and hospital facility	<input type="checkbox"/>
		(4) Doctor in rural area →	<input type="checkbox"/>
		↳ Compulsory 2 year practice	<input type="checkbox"/>
		for new MBBS doctors in	<input type="checkbox"/>
		rural area	<input type="checkbox"/>
		(5) Set up of A&TMS in all Major	<input type="checkbox"/>
		cities across India under	<input type="checkbox"/>
		INDORE	<input type="checkbox"/>
		(6) Connecting medical colleges with	<input type="checkbox"/>
		public hospitals for better	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Vertical integration	<input type="checkbox"/>
		(7) Setting up of Ayush Ministry	<input type="checkbox"/>
		to give fillip to traditional	<input type="checkbox"/>
		medicine system,	<input type="checkbox"/>

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

प्रश्न
 संख्या

⑧ set up dept of Biotechnology for medical research in field of nanotechnology & Biotechnology.

⑨ e-Health → provide online health advisory & medical facilities.

⑩ **Kautilya Academy** Project: Passes of collect genetic information of Indian people to compare genetic disease & customize their production.

⑪ National Digital Health Repository - in providing horizontal coordination among health facilities & data sharing among them.



प्रश्न संख्या

प्रश्न संख्या

3 B

Human Resource is the building block for nation's economic development.

→ It is also called human capital as it caters the economic, educational & ~~ambitious~~ ^{scientific} ambitions of country.

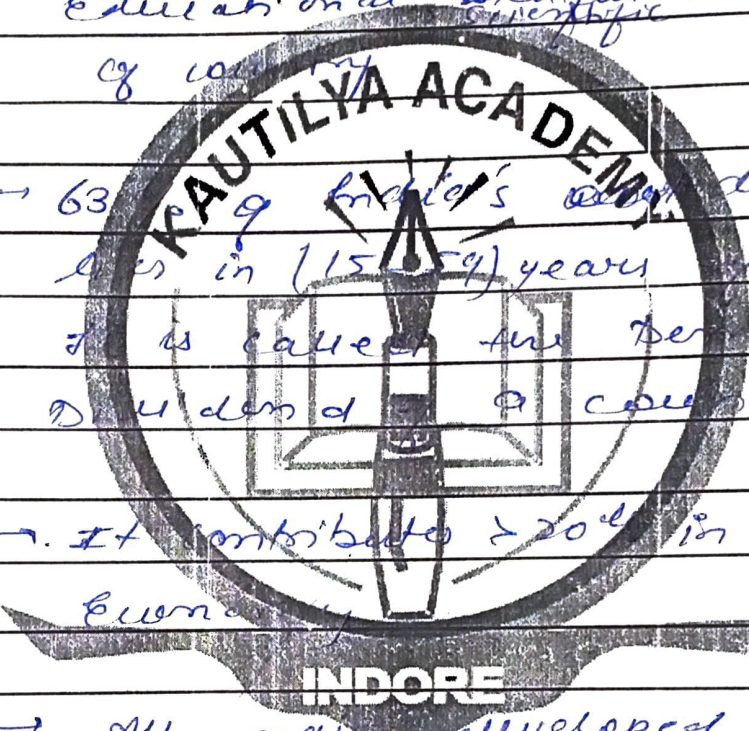
→ India's ~~early~~ ^{total} demographic level is (15-54) years of age.

It is called the demographic dividend of a country.

→ It contributes >20% in nation's economy.

→ All major developed countries got economic boost due to youthful demography of their country. (EU, US, Japan)

→ NITI Aayog says → By 2025 world will require ~~6.6~~ ^{6.8} Billion skilled workforce → of which India will be account for 5.5 Billion.





मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
(Mains Answer Sheet)

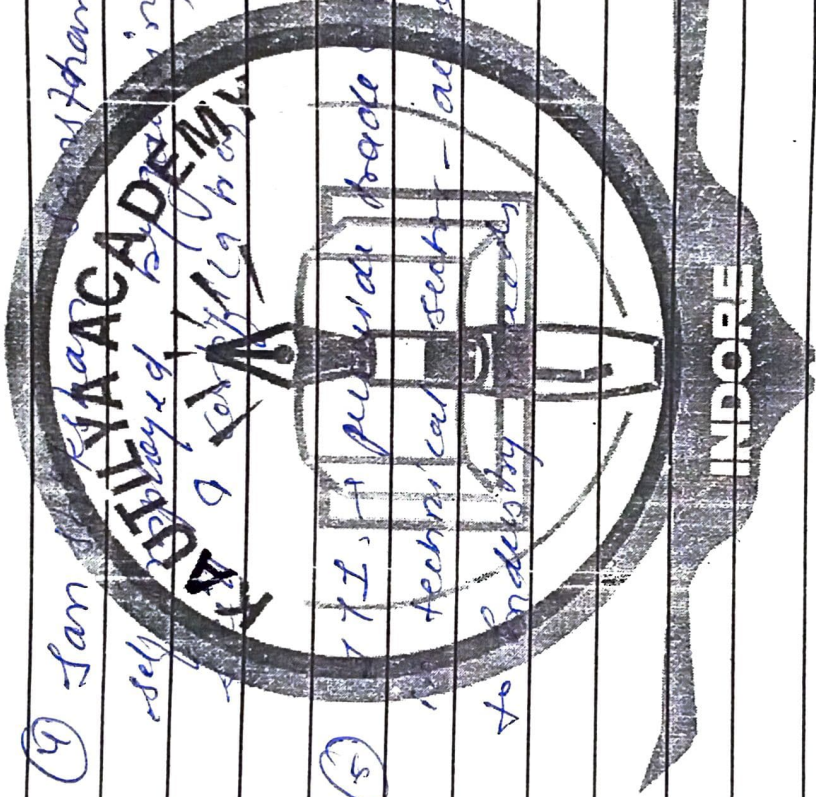
प्रश्न संख्या

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Thus it aims to become
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	"Human Capital of world" - by
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	skilling 5 Billion workforce by
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2025.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Major govt initiatives are taken
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	in the direction like
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	① Skill India Mission - launched
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	in 2014
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ created National Skill Development
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Council to promote coordination
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	& planning for effort in skilling
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	program
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ create central cooperation among
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	departments/institutions.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Also disburse approach
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ National Skill Development fund
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	② created - to fund skilling projects
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	③ PMKVY - Pradhan Mantri Kaushal
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ vikas yojana
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Provide skilling & certification
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ to traditional skills.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ Uniform norms & qualification for
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	skilling.

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
 (Mains Answer Sheet)

प्रश्न
 संख्या

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	③ NCTF → National Council for Vocational Training
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ Part Bridge skill mismatch among industry demand & academic standard of persons
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	④ Jan ^{Shiksha} Shiksha → to open self employed ^{become} employment ^{guides}
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	⑤ IIT → provide ^{technical} technical ^{sector} sector - according to industry ^{requirements} requirements
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	



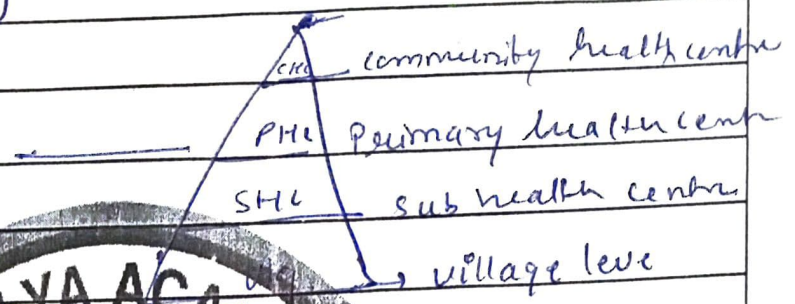
प्रश्न संख्या

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका (Mains Answer Sheet)

3 0

Rural health service in MP

Structure



Sub Health Centre

MP has more than 75% of sub health centres

↳ address 1 medical practitioner +

2-3 Bed facility

↳ provides a link between community & health services

Primary Health Centre

↳ doctors + 2-3 nurse/assistant
↳ social facility

↳ easy access village community to PHC facilities provided

Community Health Centre

↳ 2-3 doctors + 5-6 nurses + 4 Ambulance + 10-12 Bed facility

↳ diagnosis & test facility

↳ secondary level tertiary care provided

प्रश्न
संख्या

मुख्य परीक्षा उत्तर पुस्तिका
(Mains Answer Sheet)



भाषा क्र. 1 संख्या
कौटिल्य एकेडमी
संपन्नता का प्रवेक शत्रु.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Functions</u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ cater to health service Requirement of village Community
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ provide health services at village level
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ take care of child & maternal health
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ disseminate information & make rural areas about healthy living
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ mobilize & utilize ability of Doctors at rural area
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	↳ provide care of Village Community of health check up
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	